The Columbian.

VOL 40. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY NOVEMBER 30, 1905. NO. 48.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS.

AT THE

Farmers National Bank.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $140,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

A BANK ACCOUNT

Gives comfort, happiness and security from the woes and miseries that come from poverty.

The ease with which you can save money and "pile up the dollars" may be a revelation to you.

Begin at once. We welcome small deposits.

The Bloomsburg National Bank

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

THANKSGIVING

And let these Altars, wreathed with flowers
And piled with fruits, awake again
Thanksgivings for the golden hours,
The early and the latter rain.—*Whittier*

Thanksgiving is the time when every Man and Boy should appear at his best and neatly clothed from head to foot. Everything a Man or Boy wears is

Here In Fine Variety

Suits, Top Coats and Overcoats in all the late and correct styles. Hats, Neckwear, Gloves and all sorts of Toggery in the choicest creations.

Here's to a Pleasant Thanksgiving!

Three for One Trading Stamps Friday and Saturday,

BEN GIDDING

Corner Main and Center Sts.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

COMPULSORY VACCINATION.

The remarks of the COLUMBIAN upon this subject in the last issue, may be pertinent, explanatory and timely; but they will not in the least alleviate or appease the feeling of the people in the condition of present circumstances. What promised to be the most successful term of schools in the upper townships for years past, now seems destined to utter failure. No matter who may be at fault, some parties are. Many citizens declare that "the money paid for our schools this winter, might as well be thrown away." Some say, "it were better to close our schools, send the teachers home, pay them their full term of salary, and save the expense of fuel." From current reports on every hand, our schools are demoralized, broken up, with no reasonable hope of reorganizing them to good working order.

The people appear to be in no mood to being driven like herds of cattle, or hogs to the shambles, and submit their children to the ordeal of vaccination, with the possible results of serious illness, or fatalities, in a time when there are no epidemics of any kind, in our, or near by localities. Many people are in a fever heat of excitement over a condition, so uncalled for and unnecessary, and for which they are so highly taxed. From present indications, no person can restore tranquility, if such a despotic law shall continue to be enforced. We hear many people say that they will positively not have their children vaccinated, let the consequences be what they may. If the authorities are determined to enforce the law to the letter, they will have to take the responsibility. And in their persistence they will rob our citizens of their last vestige of personal liberty. Where is the propriety, or wisdom in raising such a confusion in our public schools, where all should be peace, harmony and good will, in order that our schools might prosper and succeed?

And to still further add to the anger of the people is the fact that the claim is set forth, that vaccination must be repeated every third or seventh year. Then many again say that a large number of teachers are not vaccinated, and they can't understand why their children shall be vaccinated and the teachers go free. Our people feel and know that a very great injustice confronts them. This law' it such it is, was passed in the interest of somebody else, more than to the interest of our citizens and tax payers.

The COLUMBIAN informs us that "Dr. Arment has his instructions from the State Department, and he must obey those orders or turn the job over to some one who will do so." We ask for further information. Is Dr. Arment, or any one else obliged, under penalty or fine to do this work that the people regard as the most despotic in the history of our state. Would it not be be well for the people to test the constitutionality of the most obnoxious enactments that ever confronted them, and not wait until the legislature of 1907 may modify, or codify the peoples' personal liberties.

JOHN C. WENNER.

Church Debt Paid.

Interesting services were held in the Lutheran Church on Sunday, Harvest Home and Thanksgiving being the leading features. A special collection was taken for the purpose of lifting an indebtedness of $400 on the church, and the entire amount was raised, Special music was rendered, and excellent sermons were preached by the pastor, Rev. J. E. Byers, both morning and evening.

Col. Co. Teachers' Institute Program

The Forty-Ninth Annual Institute December 4, 5, 6, and 7th 1905.

Directors' Convention Dec. 7th.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES.

PRESIDENT,

William W. Evans, County Superintendent.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

High School Section,
J. W. Snyder, - - Berwick
J. M. Roberts, - - Catawissa
W. C. Mauser, - Bloomsburg

Uniform High School Section.
Kimber Knorr, - - Locust
R. V. Wolf, - - - Scott
A. S. Fritz, - - Sugarloaf

Grammar Grades, (7 and 8 yrs.)
Josephine Pursel, - - Scott
Mary Thomas, - - Catawissa
Harriet Cook, - - Centralia

Intermediate Grades, (3 to 7 yrs.)
A. U. Lesher, - - Berwick
Belle Ruckle, - - - Scott
S. J. Johnson, - Bloomsburg

Primary Grades, (1 to 3 yrs)
Ida Walter, - - Catawissa
Louise Robbins, - Bloomsburg
Sadie Hagenbuch, - Berwick

Partially Graded Section.
Wm. C. DeLong, - - Scott
T. B. Shannon, - Conyngham
George W. Henrie, - Centre

Ungraded Section.
C. E. Kitchen, - Mt. Pleasant
Mercy E. Gotshall, - Franklin
Haines Yost, - - Cleveland

PRESS REPORTERS

A. U. Lesher, - - Berwick
S. J. Johnson, - Bloomsburg

ENROLLING COMMITTEE

Meet in Superintendent's Office promptly at 8 A. M. Monday.
Kimber Knorr, - - Locust
George Dodson, - Greenwood
L. R. Appleman, - Benton Boro
R. M. Creasy, - Mt. Pleasant
Elbert A. Roberts, - Briarcreek
C. O. Frank, - Bloomsburg

USHERS.

Meet in Superintendent's Office promptly at 8 A. M. Monday.
Arthur E. Cole, - - Jackson
George S. Ruckle, - - Centre
Harvey N. Stiner, - Briarcreek
Howard Rider, - - Cleveland
Albert Faux, - - - Locust
Dayton Kile, - Briarcreek

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS

Meet in Normal Auditorium, Tuesday, 12 M.
L. P. Sterner, - Bloomsburg
Anna Hess, - - - Benton
Ella Knittle, - - Catawissa
B. F. Kelly, - Conyngham
Ira C. Cherington, Roaringcreek
Elizabeth Miles, - - Berwick
Emma Maust, - - Hemlock
Luther B. Rissel, - - Millville

AUDITORS

Meet in Superintendent's Office Wednesday, 8 A. M.
P. C. Glodfelter, - - Mifflin
Ruth Turner, - West Berwick
John Wilson, - - Conyngham
Frank Harris, - - Centre
Elizabeth Pealer, - - Mifflin
Truman Savage, - Sugarloaf

SUPERINTENDENT'S CLERKS

Harlan R. Snyder, West Berwick
Gerdon Baker, - Fishingcreek
Elbert Roberts - - Briarcreek
F. A Berkenstock, - - Mifflin
Daniel Snyder, - Orangeville

DISTRICT PRESIDENTS

Beaver - - Ezra B. Gruver
Benton - - - E. E. Beare
Benton Twp. - E. B. Beishline
Briarcreek - Elbert A. Roberts
Catawissa Twp. Mrs. H. B. Creasy
Centralia - - - D. H. Krise
Centre - - George W. Henrie
Cleveland - - Haines Yost
Fishingcreek - Gerdon Baker

[Continued on 8th page 3rd Col.]

MAIDEN NAMES IN OTHER LANDS.

When a woman is married in this country her maiden name is seldom mentioned, says the *London Chronicle*. Many people to whom she is very well known have never heard it In France, on the contrary, there are constant reminders of the earlier dignity. In Belgium marriage does not extinguish it, for many married women often combine the old name with the new. Moreover, they put the maiden name last, thus giving it the greater distinction. We can illustrate this by supposing the custom to prevail in this country. In that case Miss Brown when she married Mr. Robinson would have her visiting cards printed: "Mrs. Robinson-Brown." This double-barrelled arrangement does not give the Belgium wife a better social status than the English wife's but it is very soothing to feminine pride.—*Ex.*

So also in some places in Europe the married name is never used, but the woman retains her own name and is not known by the name of her husband. It has been jocularly said, that in the United States, and also in the united state, the man and wife are one—query—Which one?

Much difficulty would be avoided and also much misunderstanding between married couples and their friends, if a little consideration was exercised by the parents at an early stage of the game of marriage and connubial life. For instance—instead of having a girl baby baptized by the Mary Josephine Eliza Eleanor Jenkins, she were to be baptized by the single name of Mary, and when she married James Anderson, she wrote her name in full, thus—Mary Jenkins Anderson, all her rights and also her individuality would be preserved and acknowledged.

It has been legally decided, over and over, that an initial letter is not a name; difficulties often occur where a judgment is entered or a note signed or a bill made out against J. Madison, when there may be a John Madison, a James Madison, a Joseph Madison or some other of the numerous baptismal names which begin with the letter J.

No true woman or wife will write her name hyphenated, with her husbands name in the middle; as in the example given above. Such a connection is not a marriage, is not a marriage of true minds or hearts or persons. It is a partnership and not a desirable one either Ever since surnames became the rule in nomenclature, and the woman was married to the man and they became one flesh, she has properly given up her identity to him.

As a matter of family distinction and convenience the practice above mentioned ought to be the rule: The family name of both would then appear, and the Robinson hyphenated Brown would be used only by people who &c, &c, &c.

Pretty soon Mrs. hyphenated Brown will have her own private apartments in hyphenated Robinson's house, and the servants and children will be also hyphenated.

There never was anything better than—the man and his wife, and to that let us be true, and it must follow as the night the day, we cannot then be false to any man.

ALPHA OMEGA.

Shot a Bear.

While hunting in Pike county Bruce Hartzel of this town shot a black bear weighing 250 pounds. The animal came out of a hole only a few feet away from him, and he fired, the bullet entering between the eyes, killing the bear instantly.

Thanksgiving and Turkey time is here.

—o—

Come in and look over the Celebrated Line of

"Keen Cutter" Carvers.

—o—

For Sale by

J. G. Wells.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THANKSGIVING.

We are called upon by the head of the nation and the Governor of the State to gather in our respective churches today, and to render thanks unto Almighty God for his manifold blessings vouchsafed to us. Peace among the nations, abundant crops, great business prosperity are among the many things for which we ought to be thankful.

Locally we have reason to be thankful for our beautiful town, our excellent schools, the general good health of the community, prosperous business, and for the Joseph Ratti Hospital provided through the generosity of one of our most benevolent citizens, and many other blessings and mercies.

While thanking God for his goodness to us, let us not forget the poor and unfortunate who are feeling perhaps that they have very little for which to be thankful. By contributing liberally for their needs they may at least be made to feel thankful that God has put it into the hearts of their fellowmen to be generous to the poor, and thus they too may join in the general thanksgiving.

The day is too apt to be looked upon as one merely of merry-making and feasting. He who considers Thanksgiving only as a day when he can overload his stomach with a good dinner, entirely loses sight of the purpose for which it was established and is observed. If there is any human being who is so miserable, so abandoned, so friendless, that he feels that he has nothing whatever for which to be thankful, he has our profound sympathy, first, because of his unhappy condition, and secondly, because he himself is largely to blame for his surroundings.

Elks' Memorial Service.

The committee in charge of the memorial service to be held by Bloomsburg and Danville Lodges B. P. O. E. at Bloomsburg, Sunday, December 3, are perfecting arrangements so that the occasion will be a most impressive one.

There is no more beautiful service than the Lodge of Sorrow which the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks observe each year and that the committees in charge of the program to be rendered here in the Opera House on Sunday, December 3, will carry it through to a success no one will doubt.

Admission will be by ticket only and it is expected that the large auditorium will be filled. Danville lodge will attend the exercises in a body. The memorial address will be delivered by John G. Harman.

High Quality Furniture.

Quality is just as important as price. Poorly made Furniture is dear at any price. We sell only such goods as we can guarantee, and you'll often find that our prices for this good kind are lower than some stores ask for the low grade kind that soon falls to pieces.

Bed Room Suits from 18.00 up to 90.00

Dining Tables from 8.00 up to 25.00

Dining Chairs 7.50 set up to 30.00 set

Sideboards from 18.00 up to 55.00

China Closets from 15.00 up to 40.00

You will always Find a Complete line of

COUCHES, ROCKERS and ODD PIECES

in the Latest Designs.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD.

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

NEW TEST FOR TIMBER.

Lumbermen Claim Timber Seasoned in Water Lasts Longer.

From a priori reasoning it would be quite natural to suppose that the water would soak out certain of the gummy matters of the wood, especially of the sap wood, making it more easily dried. Moreover, the washing out of the sap from the young wood removes most of the sugars, proteids, etc., which furnish food for the bacteria and other fungi which cause the rotting of lumber. The Bureau of Forestry believes that it is worth while from a practical point of view to find out the truth about these impressions of lumbermen and reasonings of scientists, and is beginning a series of tests at new experiment stations in Michigan and Wisconsin. To make the experiments as practical as possible they will be conducted on telegraph and telephone poles, articles whose period of usefulness is a matter of much economic importance. The poles will first be soaked in water for varying lengths of time, and then piled and seasoned, careful record being kept of the time required for seasoning and the quality of the seasoned timber.—Collier's.

The More Useful Sex.

Some interesting biological and sociological facts have lately been published about women which are calculated to exalt the ostensibly weaker sex in its own eyes and also in those of men. We have previously pointed out the conclusion reached by certain scientists that the average life of woman should and under normal circumstances would exceed slightly the average life of man in respect of duration. Now comes an English biologist, Mr. T. H. Montgomery, who, after a general review of the data presented by the anatomy and evolution of various invertebrate and vertebrate animals, maintains that the male is less developed and more embryonic than the female. So far as the invertebrates and the lower verterbrates are concerned, the female is clearly superior. When, within this field of observation, one sex is found to be rudimentary in comparison with the other, it is pointed out that this is almost always the male. In size the female is usually the superior. Sometimes the central nervous system is more highly specialized in the female, while, as a rule, the internal productive apparatus is more complex. In those cases where the male seems, at the first glance, superior, the difference turns out to be mainly in unimportant morphological characters. Many species of insects seem to get on altogether without males for at least a generation. The unmated queen bee, for instance, will lay fertile eggs, which however, produce only drones. It is well known that the working bee is the product of the union between a drone and a queen bee. From the female aphis (plant louse) on a rose bush will proceed several generations of offspring before the intervention of a male is required. It appears, then, that on certain planes of organic existence there is no question of woman's rights. Nature has assigned to the male a role altogether secondary or casual.

Accent on the Operatic Stage.

No Englishman with daughters could do a rasher thing than permit them to take lessons from eminent professors with a view of going on the stage. The opera stage in England scarcely exists. At Covent Garden a woman who can speak good English can only get in by force of social influence; and abroad a foreigner has very great difficulty because she cannot speak or sing with a perfect accent. The foreign lady or gentleman comes across here and on occasion will venture to sing in English, and their mistakes bring nothing more than a smile to the faces of the audience. But let an English singer go to France or Germany and something totally different happens.

In 1897 Tamagno sang at Monte Carlo before an audience which was mainly French. He mispronounced a word, and a peal of derisive laughter covered his stentorian notes. In Brussels I heard an American tenor laughed at because some of his vowels were not quite pure—Brussels, where their French is the most villainous patois I have ever heard. In Germany I have heard both French and English artists laughed at because their accent was not absolutely correct.—Saturday Review.

During a Thunderstorm.

It is said that in a thunderstorm the middle of a room is much the safest place in a house. A carpeted floor, or one covered with a thick rug, is better to stand on than bare wood. It is well to keep away from chimneys and out of cellars. In the open air tall trees are dangerous. If lightning strikes in the immediate vicinity it will hit the high trees as a rule, with few exceptions. Water is a very good conductor, and it is well therefore to avoid the banks of streams in a thunderstorm.

No Kissing in Japan.

Japanese mothers and children never kiss one another, and it is said the fact that the women of Japan use cosmetics to such a degree is probably partly responsible for the fact that there is no kissing.

An Odd Scientific Reward.

One of the odd rewards offered by the French Academy of Science is that of $20,000, established by Pierre Guzmann, for the discoveries of means of communication with another planet.

THE ENGLISHWOMAN'S VOICE.

Loud Intrusive Speech No Longer Confined to Poorer Class.

"Low voice and eyes that do not wander"—these are among Oliver Wendell Holmes's points of good manners in conversation. It is only when one is among a people who have learned or not forgotten these points that one feels acutely the offensiveness of the English habit of loud talking in public, says the London Daily News. It is a habit which has grown alarmingly of late years. Formerly it was confined to Harry and Harriet, who employed it on holidays, partly as an expression of good humor, partly as an evidence of social equality—an intimation that they were not to be terrorized by their "betters." The habit in them was excusable if deplorable.

But the habit has spread. Loud, intrusive speech has become the mark of the West as well as of the East. It has not yet touched the industrial or middle class, except that portion of the middle class whose daughters have been to a certain class of "finishing" schools.

It is the strangest perversion of good breeding conceivable. It offends against the first law of behavior, which is respect and consideration for others. In fact, it obliterates others. It assumes that no one else is present, or that, being present, they belong to another hemisphere of society so remote and so negligible that they do not count.

The loud voiced woman is a trying burden at home. Abroad, she is a blot on the national name. It is by her vacuous and insolent shrillness that English character is written down. It is one of the causes why England, though respected, is unloved on the Continent. It is symptomatic of a certain crude, overbearing attitude which has other manifestations touched on by a writer in the Saturday Review who, discussing the manners of English trippers abroad generally, says: "The American, the German, or the French gentleman in England is even more punctilious than when he is traveling among his own people. We cannot say the same of the English people, though of good breeding or education, when they are taking holiday abroad, and it is painful to add that the women are a trifle worse than the men."

In the Newer West.

After the war many States were added to the trans-Mississippi list. Nebraska, the old partner of Kansas in the fateful territorial organization bill of 1854, came in in 1867, and Colorado, Gilpin's old territory was admitted in 1876 after several attempts to get into the Union. In 1889, early in the administration of General Harrison, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington entered. In the following year Idaho and Wyoming came in, and half a dozen years afterward Utah was added to the list, bringing the whole number of States west of the Mississippi up to nineteen and the grand aggregate of the country at large up to forty-five, where it stands yet. Utah had the longest contest for statehood of any of the States. It started in 1850, at the time of California's admission, when Brigham Young's community endeavored to get in. The fight against polygamy, which began soon afterward, in which the Republican party took a decided stand, kept Utah out for the next third of a century. In the Fremont platform of 1856 the Republicans coupled polygamy with slavery as twin relics of barbarism. The Republicans opposed Utah's admission until after President Woodruff the head of the Mormon Church, in his manifesto of 1890, declared that polygamy had been given up by the church. As this removed the only objection which could be made to admission, an amnesty was soon afterward granted by the president to all those assailed by previous anti-polygamy Federal laws, and Utah entered at the beginning of 1896 without any opposition.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hit Them Both at Once.

A good instance of a double reproof occurred in a Scottish church. A lad named Merryweather was very inattentive during the service, greatly to the annoyance of the minister. His father always composed himself for a nap directly the sermon was well under way, so that the boy could do as he liked without parental reproof. The minister could stand it no longer one Sunday, so he stopped suddenly in his sermon and said: "John Merryweather, if you continue to act in such an unseemly manner during divine worship I shall tell your father. I would tell him now, but he happens to be asleep." From that day Merryweather senior and junior were model listeners.—Dundee Advertiser.

Bread Fruit for Us?

Consul Anderson, of Hangchow, thinks the pomelo or Chinese bread-fruit would do well in this country.

The fruit is grown in the United States by a few persons, but not commercially. Foreigners agree in declaring that the pomelo is the finest fruit in the Far East. It combines the good points of the orange with the good points of the grape fruit.

The Chinese say that a good-sized tree will ordinarily produce from 600 to 700 pomeloes. When it is considered that many pomeloes will run as large as seven or eight inches in diameter and even larger, it will be appreciated that such a tree is bearing a load. The fruit is more oval than round. Its color and appearance are those of the grape fruit.

GIFT TO JAPAN'S EMPRESS.

President Sends A Sewing Machine to the Mikado's Wife.

The Singer Sewing Machine Company recently completed a sewing machine for the Empress of Japan on the order of President Roosevelt. It is a present to the Empress by the President in recognition of the courtesy extended to his daughter, Miss Alice Roosevelt, during her recent visit to Japan.

The selection of a sewing machine as a gift came about from a conversation Miss Roosevelt had with the Empress. The latter expressed a desire to have an American sewing machine, and Miss Roosevelt communicated the wish to her father, who immediately gave the order. The machine is of the V. S. pattern and is probably the most costly that has ever been turned out of any factory. Every part of it where there is no friction is gold plated.

On one end of the machine attached to the gold plated ironwork are the American and Japanese coats of arms. Underneath the coats of arms of the two countries in Japanese characters is the date and then follows the reason for the presentation.

From the time that the machine was started until it received its final test in the operating room the utmost care and secrecy were maintained and none but the most trusted employes was allowed to do any part of the work upon it. The machine was placed in a mahogany cabinet inlaid with silk and plush in Japanese colors.

Huge Masses Employed in Late War.

The great feature of the war has been the huge masses engaged. Leipzig itself in this respect compares poorly with Mukden. The hosts of 1812 were not so numerous as those that invaded Manchuria, and Borodino may outrival Liaoyang in horrors, but not in numbers of guns or men that fought. Yet it is surely remarkable that after an unbroken record of defeat on such a huge scale the Russians still can show an army fully equipped and organized in position. Liaoyang and Mukden were truly enough to break the spirit and dissolve the ranks of the stoutest troops in the world.

In spite of the list of killed and wounded, of the prisoners, of the guns and trophies the war could still have been carried on. Yet Marengo, a mere skirmish in comparison to those battles of giants, decided the fate of a nation. Jena laid a kingdom in the dust. Even Friedland compelled a Czar to come to terms.

What is it that made Mukden indecisive and could allow the Czar still to dream of victory when for a year and a half not a gleam of success had shone for a moment on his bayonets? The terrane in which the battles were fought had, of course, much to do with it, but the very vastness of the armies had more. An army of several hundreds of thousands cannot be moved like one of a third the size. The telegraph may do much, but it cannot annihilate space where movements of men are concerned, and to pursue a beaten foe requires prompt action and energy, which are only possible where events take place under the eye and within the direction of a supreme leader.—Saturday Review.

Effect of Rain Upon Animals.

"The effects of a rainy day upon animals of a zoo," said a keeper the other day, "are as interesting to watch as anything I know in connection with a collection of beasts. Now, that big wolf over there just revels in a rainy day, and skips about as gay as you please. All the wolves are the same. Rain cheers them up. But the lions are different. They fret and growl and snarl unless you give them an extra allowance of meat or a big pan of warm milk. Then they will sleep, but a rainy day seems to get on the nerves of a lion or any of the cat family. Snakes are kept in just a certain temperature all the time, and you would think that the damp air would never reach them. Perhaps it doesn't, but I have always noticed that all the reptiles are active and cheerful, if a reptile can be said to be cheerful, when it rains. The deer family, the bears, various sorts of wild goats, and the like, don't seem to mind the rain a bit. Birds, however, are the most disconsolate, dreary things in the world on a rainy day. They don't sing, hardly chirp, but just settle down to be as miserable as possible."

Americans Residing Abroad.

Year by year the number of Americans residing in the chief European cities has been increasing. Two years ago an estimate of the number of Americans living in London was made and the number was shown to be 15,000, with 12,000 in Paris.

There are according to the last estimates 25,000 Americans residing in London permanently, 30,000 in Paris, 5,000 each in Rome and Berlin, 2,500 in Munich, 1,500 in Florence and 1,000 in Venice.

There are at all times between 100,000 and 150,000 Americans resident in European cities, apart from the number of Americans who make a summer trip to Europe and come under the designation of either transients or travelers. Most European countries do not include in the census of inhabitants taken unnaturalized foreigners, and for that reason the figures of the number of Americans are not always easy to get. Ten per cent. of the population of Paris, exclusive of transients, is made up of foreigners—250,000 foreigners constantly in Paris, of whom 30,000 are Americans.

NEVER REACH THE BOTTOM.

Articles Thrown Down a Shaft Found Clinging to Side.

It is an interesting scientific fact, and one not generally known, that nothing that falls from the mouth of the deepest mining shaft in the world ever reaches the bottom. This has been demonstrated at the famous Red Jacket shaft of the Big Calumet and Hecla copper mine at Calumet. The article, no matter what shape or size it may be, is invariably found clinging to the east side of the shaft.

One day a monkey wrench was dropped, but it did not get to the bottom. It was found lodged against the east side of the shaft several hundred feet down. This incident coming to the attention of the Michigan College of Mines, it was decided to make a careful test of the apparent phenomenon. It was decided best to use a small but heavy spherical body, and a marble, tied to a thread was suspended about twelve feet below the mouth of the shaft. When the marble was absolutely still, assuring that it would drop straight down, the thread was burned through by the flame of a candle. The marble fell, but at a point 500 feet from the surface brought up against the east wall of the shaft.

The same would be the case were a man to fall into the shaft. While it would mean sure death, the body, badly torn, would be found lodged in the timbering on the east side. Members of the faculty of the College of Mines are now engaged in experiments with a view of developing data as to the thickness of the earth's crust. It is not hoped to solve the perplexing problem of the distribution of the earth's matter, but it is hoped to add to the information collected concerning it.

To this end the Red Jacket shaft presents advantages possessed by no other place in the universe. The deep shafts in other parts of the country and in foreign lands generally begin at an altitude and end above or very little below the sea level, whereas at the Calumet mine the Red Jacket shaft starts in a comparatively low altitude and pierces the earth's crust deeper and further below the ocean level than any other in existence. It is hoped within a year to be able to give some intelligent information regarding the investigations. — St. Louis Dispatch.

Pigeon Records.

Homing pigeons are the craze in England just now, and on one recent Saturday between 200,000 and 300,000 birds were released in various competitions. A number of these were raced to London from Retford and Branston. The distances are 127 and 113 miles, respectively, but no birds of the several thousand released made the trip in the traditional mile a minute, although every circumstance of wind and weather was favorable to record breaking.

Much better time was made in a contest from Templecombe to London, in which one bird made the 108 miles in ninety-four minutes, an average of sixty-nine miles an hour, and more than one hundred exceeded a speed of sixty miles an hour.

One of the oldest homers is a bird which makes its home around the railway station at Liege, in Belgium. There is a train from Liege to Waremme which starts every morning at ten o'clock. As soon as the train pulls into the station the bird commences to circle in the air, and as soon as headway is gained follows the train to its destination, returning immediately home, where it flies about the station for the rest of the day. It pays no attention to any other of the trains and no one is able to offer an explanation as to why this particular train should be favored.

The Swiftest Birds.

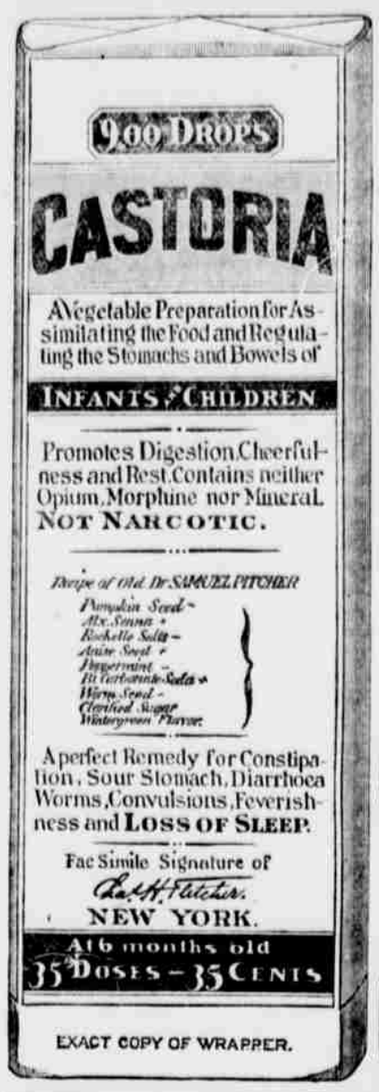
Evidence has been collected recently which shows that the blue-throat flies from Central Africa to the shores of the North Sea, a distance of 1,600 miles, in less than a day and a night, and makes it, moreover, in one uninterrupted flight. The storks which spend their summers in Austria-Hungary and their winters in India and Central Africa are also marvelous travelers, and make their journeys twice a year in unbroken flight each time. From Budapest, in Hungary, to Lahore, in India, is 2,400 miles in an air line, and the storks make the journey in twenty-four hours, thus traveling at the rate of 100 miles an hour for the whole distance. The storks which spend the summer in central Europe and winter in central Africa travel with the same rapidity.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Wireless to Stop Accidents.

Two years ago exhaustive practical experiments were commenced and continued until recently on the military railway leading from Berlin to Zossen. Telegraph stations were fitted up with transmitters and receivers, while the trains were equipped with the same apparatus. Ordinary telegraph wires along the track were used to facilitate the work.

The experiments proved that the stations could at any time communicate with a train running at full speed and warn it of impending danger. The use of wireless telegraphy in this connection would especially safeguard trains on one-track railways.

It is not expected that the expense of supplying the necessary apparatus will be much beyond the budget allowed each year for repairing old signals and introducing new inventions which aim to protect life and limb in railway travel.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

List of Jurors for December Term

GRAND JURORS

Aishline, Lewis, Fishingcreek.
Bower, H. F., Briarcreek.
Carl, Joseph, Catawissa twp.
Casey, Wm. J., Bloomsburg.
Capwell, Wm. S., Bloomsburg.
Culp, W. A., Berwick.
Edgar, John, Benton twp.
Freas, C. W. Berwick.
Fritz, Ray, Jackson.
Girton, A. E., Pine.
Hummer, George, Sugarloaf.
Hirleman, C. L., Benton Boro.
Hughes, John, Locust.
Hauch, C. B., Main.
John, Wesley J , Main.
Lemon, Theodore, Greenwood.
Miller, S. A., Greenwood.
Pensyl, Ray, Bloomsburg.
Rhoads, Isaiah, Cleveland.
Ruckle, John, Benton twp.
Roberts, W. H., Catawissa twp.
Runyon, C. W , Bloomsburg.
Rice, Chas , Bloomsburg.
Strauch, Elmer L., Jackson.

JURORS—FIRST WEEK

Alpeter, Rev. Peter, Catawissa.
Adams, Emanuel, Locust.
Bomboy, Paul, Bloomsburg.
Blank, Levi, Berwick.
Creveling, Daniel, Bloomsburg.
Coffman, Wm., Bloomsburg.
Cadman, B. F., Millville.
Derr, Calvin, Jackson.
Fairchilds, J. M., Briarcreek.
Goodhart, Wm., Mifflin.
Girton, Clark, Main.
Gerrity, Wm. J., Centralia.
Hoagland, Alfred, Roaringcreek.
Hess, H. W., Mifflin.
Hauck, J. S. Mifflin.
Hagenbuch, O. D., Stillwater.
Helwig, Charles, Locust.
Hartman, Charles, Hemlock.
Ikeler, R. R., Bloomsburg.
Johnson, Chester M., Madison.
Kline, Clark, Greenwood.
Lemon, Elliot, Fishingcreek.
Mummy, Albert, Beaver.
Mensch, Wm., Montour.
Murray, Geo. L., Catawissa twp.
Nuss, J. B., Main.
Oliver, Daniel, Berwick.
Ohl, Austin, Scott.
O'Brian, O. G., Benton Boro.
Ruckle, Taylor, Montour.
Palmer, Hiram, Bloomsburg.
Rhoads, Clark, Cleveland.
Reilly, C. M., Bloomsburg.
Roadarmel, Wm. G., Conyngham.
Richart, John A., Roaringcreek.
Ralston, Roy, Bloomsburg.
Shultz, D. A., Madison.
Snyder, Henry W., Cleveland.
Stevens, Elias, Jackson.
Vansickle, Floyd, Sugarloaf.
Whitmoyer, R. F., Pine.
Thomas, H. W., Madison.
Trump, Chas., Orange twp.
Yaple, Jeremiah M., Fishingcreek.
Yorks, C. E., Sugarloaf.
Yeager, Wilson, Berwick.
Hippensteel, Joe, Scott.
Ferguson, Wm., Bloomsburg.

JURORS—SECOND WEEK

Ash, W. S., Briarcreek.
Betz, Miles W., Bloomsburg.
Brobst, M. L., Mt. Pleasant.
Chamberlain, James, Pine.
Crawford, Clinton, Mt. Pleasant.
Clossen, Pugh, Orange twp.
Demott, Cyrus, Millville.
Davis, C. W., Briarcreek.
Evans, Abner A., Briarcreek.
Evans, Warland, Montour.
Grimes, B. R., Millville.
Holdren, George, Pine.
Hess, H. G. Berwick.
Ikeler, B. A., Mt. Pleasant.
Johnson, A. B., Pine.
Kashner, Peter, Montour.
Kerrigan, James, Conyngham.
Kline, Henry, Mt. Pleasant.
Kramer, Chas., Madison.
Labor, George, Fishingcreek.
Low, Zerbin, Orangeville.
Larish, C. L., Sugarloaf.
Lazarus, Emanuel, Bloomsburg.
Marteenie, Clem., Berwick.
Nuss, Henry, Mifflin.
Rowan, Dennis, Conyngham.
Ruckle, B. J., Mt. Pleasant.
Stahl, Wm., Centre.
Savage, John, Jackson.
Shaffer, E. W., Mt. Pleasant.
Trump, Jas., Orange twp.
Van Liew, G. W., Fishingcreek.
Welsh, Orval, Orange twp.
Hartman, Pierce, Sugarloaf.
Sitler, Sylvester, Centre.
Zaner, Wm. P., Main.

Timely and Valuable Suggestio is.

Many people, especially **women** who lead closely confined domestic lives, suffer from what in general terms is called 'nervousness.'' Among all forms of treatment none has even approached in success the intelligent use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., which promotes an easy and natural action of the digestive organs and imparts tone to the nervous system.

A man talks about owning his business' But, as a matter of fact his business owns him. His whole life is regulated by the demands of the business. The time at which he rises, his breakfast hour, the time given to meals, are all determined by business obligations. He rushes through lunch because he "can't spare the time from business" to eat leisurely. He won't take a rest because he is needed at the store or office. He is in fact an absolute slave to business. The results which follow this slavery are to be seen on every hand. Men dyspeptic, irritable, nervous, with drawn faces, and hollow eyes sit at the desk or stand behind the counter until they collapse in a fit of sickness, or are taken away by heart failure. Those who cannot escape the exactions of business will find a friend in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens the stomach, increases the action of the blood-making glands, increases the vitality and physical vigor. It makes men strong and prevents those business break downs which so often terminate fatally.

THE SOOTHING SPRAY of Ely's Liquid Cream Balm, used in an atomizer, is an unmistakable relief to sufferers of Catarrh. Some of them describe it as a Godsend, and no wonder. The thick, foul discharge is dislodged and the patient breathes freely, perhaps for the first time in weeks. Liquid Cream Balm contains all the healing, purifying elements of the solid form, and it never fails to cure. Sold by all druggists for 75c., including spraying tube, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

Entrance through Roy's Jewelry Store. tf

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Building CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale by Moyer Bros., Bloomsburg Pa

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington D. C. Nov. 27, 1905.

That the friends of the Panama canal are despondent over the report of consulting engineers recommending a sea level canal instead of a lock canal is putting the case as mildly as possible. The feeling almost amounts to dismay and it is very possible that it will result in the hanging up of the project for a long period of wrangle and debate in Congress even if it does not end by a congressional investigation, the abolition of the canal commission and the turning over of the whole work to the Army. Indeed, the latter course is freely discussed. It it is adopted it will be a high compliment to the army engineer corps and the worst kind of a dig for the high priced commission that according to its own confession has done almost nothing up to date but spend money. The last speeches of Secretary Taft and Chairman Shonts are veritable apologies for the lack of progress made. The report of the consulting engineers intimates as plainly as possible that the commission does not know its business and has been proceeding on the wrong lines even as to the essentials of the work that it was thought a week ago were fixed beyond per adventure whatever type of canal was decided on.

***

The opponents of any canal, and there are many of them in congress who are afraid to fight the project as a whole, have been furnished with just the sort of excuse for delay that they wanted and there will be a fresh canal debate as soon as congress can get around to it. Meantime there will have to be an emergency appropriation of from one to two million dollars for salaries above passed before the holidays and probably $26,000 appropriated out of the Treasury to carry on the work before the canal bonds can be sold and the money paid back. Altogether the outlook is anything but bright.

***

Aside from the canal fight the President is attempting almost the impossible in sticking to his determination to force the Esh Townsend rate bill through congress. There was a meeting of the Senate Committee on inter state commerce this week at which it developed that five republicans and one democrat were opposed to the President's position while four democrats and three republicans favored it. With this division on what ought not to be a party measure but which undoubtedly is, there is not much prospect of harmonious action when the bill gets into the house.

***

One evidence of Uncle Joe Cannon's ability as a political manager was shown this week in his announcement as to committee places for the minority. There are seventy-four democrats going out of the House this congress, and sixty-five of them will be replaced by republicans. Now there was much fear that there would be more than a corresponding decrease of democratic appointees on committees. But Speaker Cannon said "No." He went back to the records of the fifty-second, and fifty-third congress and found from the books that Speaker Crisp when the republicans were much in the minority had let out thirty of them from committee appointment; "But, said Uncle Joseph, "I will treat you better than we were treated. Probably I won't take fifteen committee seats away from you altogether." Now that was sheer politics. Speaker Cannon knows he can do as he wants with the House as it is. He has a big enough working majority to do it. But there will be fifteen or more democrats who will know they are under deep personal obligations to him and well, fifteen of the opposition may come in handy almost any time.

***

It is announced that Gen. Corbin will not be made chief of staff in the rapid series of promotions and retirements that will follow Gen. Chaffee's retirement in February. Maj. Gen. John C. Bates will hold that post prior to retirement for age and will be succeeded by Gen. McArthur, but the changes will bring Gen. Leonard Wood to the command of the army in the last year of President Roosevelts' administration and in the natural course of events he will hold that position for ten years before retiring for age.

***

It is regretted that the prominence of the railroad rate bill must seriously interfere with long needed legislation. There are questions relating to Hawaii, to Alaska, to Porto Rico, the currency, immigration, Chinese exclusion, the public lands, the Army canteen, etc., to say nothing of the tariff and reciprocity, which it will be almost impossible for this Congress, with its big railroad rate legislation program to enact.

***

In Hawaii, we collect millions of taxes, but we spend little in improving the harbor, or defense of the Islands. In applying our rigid Chinese exclusion rules, we are standing in the way of the progress and prosperity of the Islands.

***

Alaska has grown to have a large population and is as capable of expansion and prosperity as Norway and Sweden. It is not farther north than these countries and its climate and resources are as salubrious and great.

***

The currency question has for years been urgent and now in a period of prosperity is the time to settle it. A period of depression is sure to come, sooner or later, and then the currency question unsettled will give us much trouble.

***

We, like other countries, are clamorous for Chinese trade, but unlike other countries, we want everything without giving anything. Our rigid Chinese exclusion laws have estranged the Chinese Government and people and we may expect a continuance of the boycott unless we change our policy and make it more in accord with that of other civilized countries.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Every Heart-Ache

Every pain in the breast, difficult breathing, palpitation, fluttering or dizzy spell means that your heart is straining itself in its effort to keep in motion. This is dangerous.

Some sudden strain from overexertion or excitement will completely exhaust the nerves, or rupture the walls or arteries of the heart, and it will stop.

Relieve this terrible strain at once with Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. It invigorates and strengthens the heart, nerves and muscles, stimulates the heart action, and relieves the pain and misery.

Take no chances; make your heart strong and vigorous with Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

"I suffered terribly with heart disease. I have been treated by different physicians for my trouble without results. I went to a physician in Memphis, who claimed that I had dropsy of the heart. He put the X-ray on me, and in connection with his medicine he came near making a finish of me. Some time before this a Mr. Young, of St. Louis, was in our town. He saw my condition, and recommended Dr. Miles' Heart Cure to me. I gave it little attention until my return from Memphis, when I concluded to try it, and am pleased to say three bottles cured me."
CHARLES GOODRICH,
Caruthersville, Mo.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

Pennsylvania Railroad Company Will Issue Clerical Orders for 1906.

Pursuant to its usual custom, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will issue the clerical orders for the year 1906 to ordained clergymen having regular charge as settled pastors of churches located on or near its lines. Clergymen desiring such orders should make individual application for same on blanks furnished by the Company and which can now be obtained from the Ticket Agents. Applications should be sent to the General Office of the Company as soon as possible, in no case later than December 15, so that orders may be mailed by December 30, to all clergymen entitled to receive them.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THE FIRST PROCLAMATION

Issued by President George Washington in Jan., 1795

Expresses the Deep Gratitude of the Young Nation, in a Unanimous Thanksgiving After Years of Struggle and Oppression.

The first national observance of the day followed the proclamation of President George Washington, issued in January 1795. It will be read with interest, as it was the first real "crow" that our forefathers permitted themselves after the stirring times of the Revolution. It was as follows:

"When we review the calamaties which afflict so many other nations, the present condition of the United States affords much matter of consolation and satisfaction. Our exemption hitherto from foreign war, an increasing prospect of the continuance of that exemption, the great degree of internal tranquility by the suppression of an insurrection which so wantonly threatened it, the happy course of our public affairs in general, the unexampled prosperity of all classes of our citizens, are circumstances which particularly mark our situation with the indications of the Divine beneficence toward us. In such a state of things it is an especial manner our duty as a people, with devout reverence and affectionate gratitude, to acknowledge our many and great obligations to Almighty God, and to implore Him to continue and confirm the blessings we experienced.

"Deeply penetrated with this sentiment, I, George Washington, President of the United States, do recommend to all religious societies and denominations, and to all persons whomsoever, within the United States, to set apart and observe Thursday, the 19th day of February next, as a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, and on that day to meet together and render sincere and hearty thanks to the great Ruler of nations for the manifold and signal mercies which distinguish our lot as a nation; particularly for the possession of constitutions of government which unite and, by their union, establish liberty and order; for the preservation of our peace, foreign and domestic; for the reasonable control which has been given to a spirit of disorder in the suppression of the late insurrection, and generally for the prosperous condition of our affairs, public and private, and at the same time humbly and fervently beseech the kind Author of these blessings graciously to prolong them to us; to imprint on our hearts a deep and solemn sense of our obligations to Him for them; to teach us rightly to estimate their immense value; to preserve us from the arrogance of prosperity, and from hazarding the advantages we enjoy by delusive pursuits, to dispose us to merit the continuance of His favors by not abusing them, by our gratitude for them, and by corresponding conduct as citizens and as men to render this country more and more a safe and propitious asylum for the unfortunate of other countries; to extend among us true and useful knowledge; to diffuse and establish habits of sobriety, order, morality, and piety, and finally to impart all the blessings we possess or ask for ourselves to the whole family of mankind.

"In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed to these presents, and signed the same with my hand, done at the city of Philadelphia the first day of January, 1795.

"George Washington.

"By the President:
Edward Randolph."

Thus did the eagle scream in 1795 and the noble bird has been lifting up his voice annually ever since.

Nature is Bountiful.

There was a goddess (Ceres) among the Greeks whose festivals were celebrated in the harvest time, because it was then that she offered the wealth of all nature to the children of men.

The abundance comes in the fall; the wheat, the corn, the nuts and apples, pumpkins and potatoes—all these are offered to the children of men at this season.

The fields are full of Nature's gifts and then the farmers come and bear them into town, where tradesmen spread them out—to give to men?

Ah, no; to sell.

But it is no fault of Ceres, goddess of the fall, who wears her russet robes and holds out all the richness of her realm, that men should sell it and not give it freely as she would.

Be thankful, then, that Nature is no niggard, nor yields less than winds and rains allow.

Be thankful, too, that it still lies in human power to use the gifts of Nature, even though bought in cities' markets.

The Day in Georgia.

"It's foolish to ax the Lawd ter make you thankful fer what you about ter receive," says Brother Dickey. "De fact is, you orter feel thankful without any help in dat line."—Atlanta Constitution.

Sample for Tommy.

"Is this the part of the fowl you like, Tommy?" asked his frugal uncle, passing him a plate containing a small portion of the breast.

"Yes, that's the kind, Uncle Jube," responded Tommy, passing it back. "Give me some, please."—Chicago Tribune.

Impoverished Soil

Impoverished soil, like impoverished blood, needs a proper fertilizer. A chemist by analyzing the soil can tell you what fertilizer to use for different products.

If your blood is impoverished your doctor will tell you what you need to fertilize it and give it the rich, red corpuscles that are lacking in it. It may be you need a tonic, but more likely you need a concentrated fat food, and fat is the element lacking in your system.

There is no fat food that is so easily digested and assimilated as

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

It will nourish and strengthen the body when milk and cream fail to do it. Scott's Emulsion is always the same; always palatable and always beneficial where the body is wasting from any cause, either in children or adults.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE
CHEMISTS
409 Pearl St., New York
50c. and $1.00,
All Druggists.

The Farmer and Bicycle Agent.

Some years ago, soon after bicycles began to be freely used throughout the United States, an agent for a New York house turned up at a village in Central New York. He expatiated to an old farmer upon the virtues of the new machine, dwelling upon the time saver it was and withal how fashionable it would be for the old farmer to be able to ride down to the village on one of the new-fangled machines whenever he wanted to.

"Why," said the agent, "whenever you go to the post-office, bank, or store everybody will stop and stare at Farmer Wilson, and pretty soon you'll be the most-talked-of man in the whole country."

"That may be," replied the farmer, "but I tell you I'm a needin' a good cow mo'n I am one of them things you're a-talkin' about."

Nevertheless the agent extracted a promise that the old man would save up his money and purchase a bicycle when the agent came around in the fall.

According to promise the agent was on hand in the fall with the wheel. The farmer took him in charge and carried him out to the lot and showed him a fine Jersey cow.

"That's what I bought with the money I saved up for you," said the farmer. And without waiting for the agent to recover from his surprise he went on, "I 'lowed that I needed the cow mo'n I did the bicycle, and there she is. Ain't she a beaut?"

When the agent recovered his breath he said, "You'll look funny riding that cow to town, won't you?"

"Ya-as," drawled out the old farmer, "but I'd look a darned sight funnier tryin' to milk a bicycle."—SILAS X. FLOYD in *December Lippincott's.*

Rather startling evidence of the efficacy of the recent crusade of the state dairy and food bureau against "doctored meat" in Pennsylvania is furnished by the showing of the dairy and food commissioner's office for the past month. Fines collected during September from violations of the pure food law foot up to $7,000 and almost the entire amount has come from sellers of "preserved" or adulterated meats. These fines exceed by $4,000 the total for any other month this year. —Ex.

A Positive CURE
Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cts. by mail.
Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH

HAY FEVER

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1904.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS	4 A. M.	30	12 P. M.	32 P. M.
Sunbury..... leave	5 05	9 50	2 00	5 05
Kline's Grove.....	f 5 51	f 10 44	.....	f 5 43
Selinsgrove.....	f 6 08	f 10 06	.....	f 5 55
Kipps Run.....	f 7 08	f 11 13	.....	f 6 44
South Danville.....	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville..... arr				
Boyd.....	f 7 16	f 10 21	.....	f 5 53
Roaring Creek.....	f 7 23	f 10 28	2 31	f 6 01
Catawissa.....	7 32	10 35	2 37	6 08
East Bloomsburg.....	7 40	10 43	2 43	6 15
Bloomsburg..... arr				
Espy Ferry.....		10 47	.....	f 6 19
Stonytown Ferry.....	f 7 52	.....	.....	f 6 27
Creasy.....	7 54	10 56	2 56	6 30
Nescopeck..... arr	8 04	11 05	3 05	6 40
Berwick..... dep				
Wapwallopen.....	8 19	11 20	3 15	6 52
Pond Hill.....	f 8 25	f 11 25	.....	f 6 56
Moncanaqua..... arr	8 31	11 32	3 23	7 01
Stickshinny..... dep				
Retreat.....	8 43	11 42	3 32	7 10
Nanticoke.....	8 54	11 54	3 41	7 19
Buttonwood.....	f 9 00	f 12 00	.....	f 7 25
Plymouth Ferry.....	f 9 02	.....	.....	f 7 28
South Wilkesbarre.....	9 06	12 06	.....	7 30
Wilkesbarre.....Arrive	9 10	12 10	3 55	7 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	31 A. M.	15 A. M.	1 P. M.	67 P. M.
Wilkesbarre.... Leave	f 7 15	f 10 35	f 2 45	f 6 00
South Wilkesbarre.....	7 20	.....	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry.....	7 ..	.....	.....	f 6 07
Buttonwood.....	f 7 24	.....	f 2 54	f 6 09
Nanticoke.....	7 31	10 50	3 02	6 17
Retreat.....	7 39	10 58	3 11	6 26
Shickshinny..... dep	7 48	11 07	3 21	6 37
Mocanaqua..... arr				
Pond Hill.....	f 7 53	.....	f 3 27	f 6 42
Wapwallopen.....	7 58	11 16	3 32	6 47
Berwick..... arr	8 09	11 26	3 42	7 00
Nescopeck..... dep				
Creasy.....	8 18	f 11 35	3 53	7 09
Stonytown Ferry.....	f 8 21	.....	.....	f 7 12
Espy Ferry.....	f 8 29	.....	.....	.....
Bloomsburg..... arr				
East Bloomsburg..... dep	8 34	11 47	4 07	7 25
Catawissa.....	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Roaring Creek.....	f 8 48	f 12 00	f 4 19	f 7 39
Boyd.....	f 8 55	.....	f 4 26	f 7 46
Danville..... arr	9 00	12 10	4 31	7 51
South Danville..... dep				
Kipps Run.....	f 9 03	.....	f 4 35	f 7 56
Wolverton.....	f 9 12	.....	f 4 42	f 8 03
Kline's Grove.....	f 9 15	.....	f 4 45	f 8 06
Sunbury.....Arrive	9 25	12 30	4 55	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

‡ Daily. ‡ Daily, except Sunday. "f" Stops only on signal notice to Agent, or Conductor to receive or discharge passengers.

"a" Stops only on Sunday on notice to Conductor to discharge passengers, or on notice to Agent to receive passengers.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.40 and 10:43 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m. Sundays.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 4.18 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.40 a. m., 4.18 and 6.15 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova, Kane and Erie 11.47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8.34 a. m. and 4.07 p. m. Renova, Kane and Erie 11.47 a. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.34, 11.47 a. m. and 4.07, 7.25 p. m. week days.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.34 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 27, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12.20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.05 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m Exp.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	SEA ISLE CITY
	SUNDAYS.	8:50 a. m.
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		8:15 a. m.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St, 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3902 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until urther notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND....	10 45	10 00	1.50	5 25
Ameron.....	9 57	10 10	12 51	5 37
Danville.....	7 47	9 19	2 11	5 7
Catawissa.....	7 21	10 32	2 23	5 5
Rupert.....	7 26	10 37	2 29	6
Bloomsburg.....	7 33	10 41	2 33	6
Espy.....	7 38	10 48	2 40	6 11
Light Ridge.....	7 46	11 54	1 16	6 2
Willow Grove.....	17 48	10 57	12 5	6 25
Briarcreek.....	7 52	10 59	12 53	10 27
Berwick.....	7 57	11 03	2 58	6 34
Beach Haven.....	8 01	11 12	3 ..	6 41
Nick's Ferry.....	8 11	11 31	3 20	6 51
Shickshinny.....	8 22	11 31	3 20	6 51
Hunlock's.....	8 33	11 39	3 31	17 03
Nanticoke.....	8 38	11 44	3 38	7 14
Avondale.....	8 41	11 47	3 42	7 18
Plymouth.....	8 45	11 52	3 47	7 28
Plymouth Junction...	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston.....	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 38
Luzerne.....	8 58	12 02	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort.....	9 00	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming.....	9 05	12 08	4 12	7 48
West Pittston.....	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave.....	9 13	12 14	4 20	7 56
Pittston.....	9 19	12 17	4 24	8 01
Duryea.....	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 06
Lackawanna.....	9 26	12 22	4 32	8 10
Taylor.....	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Bellevue.....	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON.....	9 42	12 35	4 50	8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON.....	6 35	10 10	1 55	16 40
Bellevue.....	6 39	10 13	1 59	6 44
Taylor.....	6 44	10 17	2 08	6 49
Lackawanna.....	6 50	10 24	2 10	6 55
Duryea.....	6 53	10 28	2 13	6 58
Pittston.....	6 58	10 33	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave.....	7 01	10 37	2 19	7 06
West Pittston.....	7 05	10 41	2 23	7 09
Wyoming.....	7 10	10 46	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort.....	7 14	10 49	2 31	7 17
Luzerne.....	7 17	10 52	2 34	7 19
Kingston.....	7 24	10 56	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction...	7 29	11 00	2 45	7 30
Plymouth.....	7 33	11 05	2 49	7 34
Avondale.....	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 38
Nanticoke..	7 43	11 13	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's..	7 49	11 19	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny.....	8 01	11 31	3 20	7 58
Nick's Ferry.....	8 11	11 43	3 30	8 18
Beach Haven.....	8 19	11 48	3 37	8 14
Berwick.....	8 27	11 54	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek.....	8 32	12 01	3 50	8 25
Willow Grove.....	8 36	12 05	3 54	8 29
Lime Ridge.....	8 40	12 09	3 58	8 33
Espy.....	8 46	12 15	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg.....	8 53	12 22	4 12	8 45
Rupert.....	8 57	12 25	4 15	8 50
Catawissa.....	9 02	12 32	4 20	8 55
Danville.....	9 15	12 44	4 32	9 10
Cameron.....	9 24	12 57	4 43	9 21
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	9 35	1 10	4 55	9 35
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M	A. M

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1904, 12:05 a m.

NORTHWARD.

	1 †	3 †	5 †
Bloomsburg D I & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17
Bloomsburg Main St....	9 05	2 42	6 20
Paper Mill.....	9 15	2 52	6 30
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 52
Zaners.....	f. 40	13 17	6 57
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 05
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 13
Edsons.....	10 01	13 37	7 17
Coles Creek.....	10 03	3 40	7 21
Laubachs.....	10 08	3 45	7 3
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45

SOUTHWARD.

	2 †	4 †	6 †	8 †	22 †
Jamison City.....	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central.....	5 54	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Laubachs.....	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 53
Coles Creek.....	6 12	11 06	4 58	7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	f6 14	f11 40	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	f6 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 55
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill.....	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St..	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.

Trains No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Passenger, 1st class.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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HARMLESS RELIABLE
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PRICE 25 ¢. AT DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL

Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator

Superior to other remedies sold at high prices. Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents, druggists or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.
Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. 2442 Madison Square, PHILA. PA.

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HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

CAPITAL $100,000.

Surplus and Undivided Profits $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

OFFICERS:

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E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

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E. B. Tustin, Fred Ikeler, Geo. S. Robbins, S. C. Creasy,
J. M. Staver, M. I. Low, Louis Gross, H. V. Hower.

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GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.

GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1905.

SUSQUEHANNA DRAINAGE BASIN.

A valuable addition to our knowledge of the Susquehanna drainage basin will be found in two publications recently issued by the U. S. Geological Survey, which contain the results of extended investigations on this stream and its tributaries.

Commercially the Susquehanna basin is the largest and most important drainage area in the north Atlantic States. The headwaters of this river system are on the elevated plateau which separates the waters flowing southward and eastward into the Atlantic streams from those flowing northward and westward into the St. Lawrence, the Great Lakes, and the Mississippi.

Geographically this watershed lies in three physiographic divisions: the Allegheny, the Appalachian Valley, and the Piedmont Plateau. The total area of the basin is 27,000 square miles, comprising 21,060 square miles in Pennsylvania, or about 47 per cent of the area of the state; and 60,080 square miles in New York, or 13 per cent of the state; and 260 square miles, or about 2 per cent of the State of Maryland.

One of the papers mentioned is entitled "Hydrography of the Susquehanna River Drainage Basin," and has been so prepared as to be of use to the layman as well as the engineers, providing for the former a comprehensive view of the conditions in the area, and supplying the engineer with data for making estimates in hydraulic investigations. In view of the fact that the power resources of this basin are so little developed, the discussion of water powers and the tables of elevation and developed horse power are most interesting and valuable. This report is the joint work of Messrs. John C. Hoyt and Robert H. Anderson, of the Hydrographic Branch of the Survey.

The second paper is entitled "The Quality of the Water in the Susquehanna River Basin," and contains numerous analyses of the water in the main stream and many of its tributaries. The portions devoted to the pollution of streams by mine wastes are especially interesting. It is doubtful if a stream polluted with mine wastes could be satisfactorily employed as a source of domestic water supply, but the Susquehanna is so befouled with sewage that it could not be used in its raw state for household purposes, even if no mine drainage were turned into it. Mr. M. O. Leighton, the author of the report, shows by a series of chemical analyses that the water is actually more free from organic matter at the lower end of Wyoming Valley than at the upper, and this condition is traceable to a large amount of acid mine refuse which is turned into the stream. He finds also that the precipitation of immense quantities of sewage matter and coal dust into the river eventually will fill up the channel along certain reaches.

It is probable that the Susquehanna especially that portion below the West Branch, is chiefly valuable as an agent of sewer disposal. It would be impossible, with the present large population upon the drainage area, to render the stream fit for domestic use, and therefore it may as well receive city sewage up to a certain limit.

These papers which are known as Water Supply and Irrigation papers Nos. 108 and 109, may be obtained free of charge upon application to the Director of the U. S. Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

One Sided Justice.

How justice discriminates is shown in the case of Cunliffe, the express robber, who in less than six weeks after robbing the express company finds himself in the penitentiary, and the great insurance robbers, bank wreckers, State Treasury despoilers and others.

Yes, Cunliffe is in the penitentiary but where are McCall, Perkins, McCurdy and others, all men of high station and great wealth who plundered insurance companies with which they were connected—who robbed the widows' and orphans' funds for the benefit of themselves and the grafting politicians of the Republican party?

Any of these men in jail! Not on your life. Out on bail? No. Even prosecuted? No.

They are rich. These three words tell the whole story.

What about the Republican machine looters of Philadelphia? Any of them in jail? Not one.

And even if it were possible to get one there, the pardon board would probably soon set him free. A few have been arrested and are at liberty on bail, but there is a great horde of criminals of one kind and another, ballot-box stuffers, repeaters, thugs, contract plunderers, thieves, robbers and grafters of every kind and variety, all belonging to the political organization which has had the city of Philadelphia in its frightful clutches, who are not in prison and never will be.

Not one of these great rogues but is an infinitely greater criminal than Cunliffe. But fortunately for them they have had the protection of the leaders of the great party that makes the laws and fills the offices of Pennsylvania.—*Uniontown Genius.*

Top Notch for Inaugurals.

The inauguration of Theodore Roosevelt last March cost $145,491, a greater sum than for any previous inauguration. Notwithstanding the large expense, the committee has turned over a balance of $4,730 to the Auditorium association, formed to erect a building for future inaugural balls.

The committee raised $150,221, more by $14,000 than any previous inaugural fund. Receipts for the last five inaugurations were as follows: 1889, $125,250.50; 1893, $91,655.31; 1897, $116,817.15, and 1901 $136,808.83.

Ayer's

We know what all good doctors think of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask your own doctor and find out. He will tell

Cherry Pectoral

you how it quiets the tickling throat, heals the inflamed lungs, and controls the hardest of coughs.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is well known in our family. We think it is the best medicine in the world for coughs and colds."
KATIE PETERSON, Petaluma, Cal.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Hard Coughs

One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will hasten recovery. Gently laxative.

Advocates Law to Protect Dealers.

Food Commissioner Warren Suggests National Legislation to Punish Men Really Guilty of Adulterating Provisions.

State Dairy and Food Commissioner Warren discusses at length the pure food question in his latest report.

Commissioner Warren suggests a national pure food law would remedy the abuses complained of by retail merchants in Pennsylvania, who declare that they are made to suffer for the sins of the manufacturers and wholesalers.

He says the work of the department has produced results which indicate the need for more legislation regulating the manufacture and sale of drugs and chemicals. The department has found that from 50 to 75 per cent. of spices are adulterated and that adulterants are used freely in confections, soda water, so-called fruits, jellies, jams and preserves.

Investigations have also demonstrated that certain brands of the so-called pure rye whisky is nothing more than a mixture of raw alcohol, prune juice and caramel.

In the investigation by the department of the soda water business in Pennsylvania it developed that certain brands of so-called fruit syrups did not contain a particle of the fruit after which they were named and that many of the soft drinks were of harmful and doubtful character.

An Execution by Guillotine.

In the second chapter of his "Reminiscences" in the December McClure's Carl Schurz graphically describes an execution by guillotine which he witnessed as a small boy in Germany.

A young man in Cologne had murdered his sweetheart and been condemned to death. The execution, by the guillotine—for the left bank of the Rhine was still under the "Code Napoleon"—was to take place at dawn of day on the public square between the Cathedral and the Rhine, and before the eyes of all who might choose to witness it. The trial had excited the whole population to a high degree; now the people looked forward to the final catastrophe with almost morbid interest. My locksmith guardian was of the opinion that neither he nor I should miss the opportunity of beholding so rare a spectacle. Long before sunrise he awoke me, and together we went to the place of execution in the gray morning light. We found there a dense crowd, numbering thousands of men, women and children. Above them loomed the black scaffold of the death machine. Deep silence reigned; only a buzz floated over the multitude when the condemned man appeared on the scaffold, and then all was silent again. The sturdy locksmith held me up in his arms, so that I might look over the heads of the crowds in front. The condemned culprit stepped forward; the assistant of the executioner strapped him to a board which extended from his feet to his shoulders, leaving his neck free; the victim glanced up at the axe, suspended from a cross-beam; the next instant he was pushed down so that his neck lay under the gleaming blade; the axe fell like a flash of lightning, severing the head from the shoulders at a whisk. A stream of blood spurted into the air, but the hideous sight was quickly concealed from gaze of the public by a dark cloth. The whole deed was done with the rapidity of thought. One scarcely became conscious of the terrible shock before it is over. A dull murmur from the onlooking throngs, after which they silently dispersed; the scaffold was taken down and all the blood on the ground covered with sand before the rays of the morning sun shone brightly upon the Cathedral towers. I remember walking home shuddering and trembling, and finding it impossible to eat my breakfast. Nothing could have induced me to witness another execution.

Ministerial Union

At a meeting of the Ministerial Union on Wednesday, Rev. J. E. Byers was elected president for the ensueing year. Dr. Hemingway read a paper on "Future Punishment" which was followed by a discussion. Rev. R. S. Nichols of St. Paul's P. E. Church and Rev. R. M. Snyder of the Catawissa M E. Church were admitted to membership. At the next meeting Mr. Nichols will speak on the Philippines, where he spent three years as chaplain in the U. S. Army.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOW TO FIND A BEE TREE.

Method That Is Followed With Success By the Expert Hunter.

Some bee hunters simply put out a bit of honeycomb, or even trickles of honey on a clean chip, never resorting to the pungency of scorched wax, says a contributor to the Country Calendar. And these are apt to mark their bees with sprinkles of flour in order to trace their flight. Whatever the bait, it is set on a stump, or stone, or fallen tree. In some open glade of deep woods. As certainly as the woods hold even one bee tree, there will soon be a dozen bees sucking with all their might. The bee hunter, stock still, watches them narrowly, aiming always to sprinkle those that come first, since he knows they are from the nearest swarm.

Commonly he follows the earliest bee at its first rise. If he loses it, he goes back for another. He may wait to see half a dozen take flight from their lines, making up his mind as to the bee tree's probable direction. If all of them take one course, he has plain sailing—it is only a matter of following that course, keeping his eyes and ears the while very wide open. If there are crossflights, bees scattering in all directions, the thing to do is to follow the best marked line home, if possible in the wake of a laden bee, and put out fresh bait for the others upon another day.

Following a laden bee is none so easy. The spiral rise is confusing—but a master bee hunter is apt to be hawk-eyed. He watches the black mounting speck until it strikes line, then runs along its line, knowing well it will go straight to within a few feet of the hive. At the home portal there may be a slight swerve, even a lighting upon twigs or the trunk itself, before crawling in home. The entrance may be a knothole, or an innocent looking crack, or seam. Whatever it is, it is apt to show a faint yellowy brown stain, got from the passing in and out of so many bees, wax and honey laden.

Papier Mache Stage Food.

"Papier mache food won't be seen on the stage this season. Everything—chickens, chops, cutlets, loaves—will be real."

The speaker, a manufacturer of stage properties, dusted a casque and resumed, a little sadly:

"I have had to do away with my papier mache food department, discharging two men and an apprentice. For even the ten, twenty and thirty cent shows won't carry fake viands now. They say that as far back as Paint Rock, Merna and Lodi, the people insist that actors eat real food on the stage.

"It looks better, I suppose. At the same time this new fangled realism is playing the deuce with the stage property business. It is putting good men out of work.

"And consider its expenses. I know of one comedy, with a banquet scene in the second act, where a bottle of real champagne and a real lobster salad are used every night. This comedy has been played 1,000 times in the last three years. There is expense for you—an expense of $4,000 for food alone. Well, one papier mache champagne bottle and one papier mache salad—worth about $2—would have saved all that money."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

His House on His Back.

The German War Office has come to the conclusion that the knapsack at present carried by the German soldier is too heavy. The heavy calfskin knapsack, in use up to the present, is being replaced by another of lighter waterproof canvas, and other reductions in weight are being made.

The German infantry recruit may be said to carry his house on his back. The following is a list of his baggage items:

Cooking utensils.
A heavy musket.
An overcoat.
Thirty pounds of ammunition.
A linen suit.
A quantity of underwear.
Two pairs of boots.
Boot brushes and blacking.
Numerous metal tools.
A hymn book.
A box of trifles.
A variety of personal articles.—Berlin correspondent London Mail.

The Triumph of Irrigation.

In India the irrigation canal has turned millions of acres to fertility and saved tens of thousands of lives which must have succumbed to famine. In the Western States of America vast deserts have been converted into orchards, and the land which would otherwise be dear at $5 an acre has become worth fifty. Much of the British triumphs in Egypt is summed up in the word irrigation. English engineers—Sir C. Scott Moncrieff among them—came from India after the British occupation and have ever since been engaged in some of the greatest irrigation works in the world, so that Egyptian agriculture has developed beyond the dreams of the most sanguine.

Thanksgiving Time Means Overcoat Time.

The colder weather is here—or going to be any day. If you have'nt selected your Fall or Winter Overcoat yet it's high time you should else you'll be caught some nipping night.

We want you to look at these Overcoats of ours.

Paddocks, Chesterfields and Long Belt Coats. A full line of Rain Coats from $10 to $30.

TOWNSEND'S

Knox Hats. Adler's Gloves.

A FEW OF MANY COATS

$7.75 to $20.00

A most complete showing of these much wanted coats, the cloths are Kersey and Tibelines, and the styles are box and empire.

This $12.50 Box Coat

of Kersey, 50 inches long, piped with satin, and having a velvet collar, is one of the best bargains we know of.

At $15.00 we have

two styles of coats, both 50 inches long, one made of Montagnac and the other of Kersey.

Coats of English Mixture

are one of the most nobby and our line is complete, ranging in price from $9.00 to $25.00, and most any price in between.

Coats from $18.00 to $22.50

are seen in the tight fitting style, with full skirt. Heavy Covert and Black Kersey cloths.

Fitted Back Empire Coats

48 inches long of Kersey in both Black and Castor, satin lined to the waist, and trimmed with large pearl buttons. Prices, $15.00 to $25.00.

Box Coats

of Covert Cloth at $5.00, $7.00, $8.00 and $10.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENNA.

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT the standard cough and cold cure for over 75 years now comes also in a Convenient to carry with you. Don't be without it. Ask your druggist. 1906 ALMANAC FREE. Write to Dr. D. Jayne & Son, Philadelphia. 25c size

A Man's feet are better judges of shoes than he is!

When you tuck your's into a pair of

"Keith's Konqueror"

Shoes they'll tell you they're comfortable at last.

$3.50 and $4.00

Chas. M. Evans,

AGENT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1905

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Turkeys are selling at 20 cents a pound, and find a ready sale just now.

Nearly 500 pounds of turkey will be served at the Normal School Thanksgiving dinner.

The fine farm of Jacob Gerard near Rohrsburg has been purchased by Mary E. Albertson.

The plans for the new buildings of the Shew paper mill were prepared by architect J. H. Brugler of Danville.

Mrs. Jesse Harvey died at Orangeville on Sunday, of typhoid fever, after an illness of four weeks. She is survived by her husband and four children.

Bishop H. B. Hartzle of the Evangelical church, preached in the churches of that denomination in Bloomsburg, Light Street and Espy on Sunday.

Union Thanksgiving services will be held in the Presbyterian Church at 10:30. The offering will go to the Benevolent Society, for the benefit of the poor.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Williams arrived here from Yucca, Arizona, last week, having been summoned home by the serious illness of Mrs. Williams' mother, Mrs. Clarissa Peacock.

The Lulu Tyler Gates Company of artists will give an entertainment in Normal Auditorium on Thanksgiving evening. Reserved seats can be procured at Bidleman's, price 25 cents.

Prof. D. A. Harman of Hazleton has declined the call to Norristown at an increased salary, and will remain as Superintendent of schools at Hazleton, much to the satisfaction of the people of that place.

Robert Potter of Orangeville died at the home of his parents in Orangeville last Saturday, aged thirty three years. He was a graduate of the Normal, and an only son. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

Services will be held at St. Paul's Church Thursday morning at 11 o'clock. There will be an address by the rector, and it being also St. Andrew's Day, there will be a celebration of the Holy Communion.

C. L. Pensyl shipped six Plymouth Rock chickens on Wednesday, to New York, and from there to the purchaser in India. It will take eight weeks for their trip. Mr. Pensyl has a fine lot of poultry.

Miss Senior, who has been the Superintendent of the Joseph Ratti Hospital since it opened, tendered her resignation on Monday, taking effect at once. Miss House is filling the position until the Board of Managers elects a new Superintendent.

The first snow of the season that was sufficient to whiten the ground began in a sleet on Tuesday morning, and changed to snow, which in turn soon changed to rain. A good soaking rain is badly needed as the streams are low and in many places the wells are dry.

Judge Staples made an order last week that all bars in Montour county must close at 12 o'clock midnight, and remain closed until 6 o'clock in the morning. If this order is not complied with, all persons violating it will be refused licenses at the next license court.

The Berwick *Enterprise* has been enlarged from seven to eight columns, and appears in a new dress of type, whereby it is much improved. C. A. Rasely, the hustling proprietor has made a great success of his paper, and we congratulate him upon these evidences of prosperity.

The trolley lines are united in an effort to break up the practice of expectorating on the floors of the cars. Notices have been posted forbidding the practice, and the conductors have been notified to enforce it. If necessary arrests will be made and fines imposed. This action is intended for the benefit of the public, and all good citizens will cheerfully comply.

Messrs. Achenbach and Moore are pushing things about their bowling alley and expect to have it in operation very soon after December 1st. Owing to the scarcity of hands the work has been much delayed. The plan was to have the alley in operation before this time. To make up for lost time carpenters have been working over time. During several nights past they have been working until nearly 10 o'clock with the aid of electic light.—*Danville News.*

There has been under advisement by the court of Huntingdon county the case of whether the county or borough of Mount Union must pay the expenses of quarantine of those families which were unable to pay for themselves during the recent epidemic of smallpox in that place. The suit was instituted by praying the court to grant a mandamas compelling the county commissioners and poor directors to pay quarantine expenses to the amount of $1176.65. Judge Woods after a careful examination of the precedents pertaining to such cases on Tuesday returned his decision to the prothonotary of the court denying the writ of mandamus and thus leaving the expense where it properly belongs, namely in the district where the expense was incurred, Mt. Union.

Law May Be Tested.

It is possible that the new vaccination law may be tested in this county, as there is liable to be a clash between the state board of health and the local authorities. Dr. Arment, the health officer, has been instructed by the state board to insist upon keeping all children out of the schools unless they are vaccinated or can produce a certificate that they have been successfully vaccinated. There are a number of cases where children have come with certificates from a physician that their physical condition is such that it would be dangerous to vaccinate them. Dr. Arment has been advised by the state board that such pupils cannot attend school.

In the *School Journal* just issued Superintendent Evans advises teachers that they should permit such cases to remain in school. Should any teacher be arrested for not sending such a case home, a test case would be made, and a decision of the court, or the verdict of a jury obtained. The matter has assumed such a shape that it is very desirable that the question should be decided as to whether a child whose physical condition is certified by a physician to be such that health would be endangered by vaccination, must take the risk or be turned out of school. In the case of a healthy child there is no question whatever but that he must be vaccinated or be refused school privileges.

Prices of Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

Lenses, according to kind, 50c. to $1.00 each.
Bifocal Lenses, $2.00 to $3.00 a pair.
Toric Lenses, $3.00 and $4.00 a pair.
Gold-filled frames and mountings, $1.00 each.
Solid gold eyeglass frames and mountings, $2.00 to $3.00.
Medium weight 10K gold spectacles, $3.00.
Heavy 14K gold spectacle frames and mountings, $4.00.

I keep in stock a large assortment of lenses and frames. I will be pleased to show you the latest and best in eyeglass mountings.

Henry W. Champlin, M. D., Bloomsburg, Pa.

STEAM HEAT GOES UP

Another advance in the price of steam heat has been found necessary by John M. Clark Esq., receiver of the Bloomsburg Steam Heat Co. He has issued the following circular letter to consumers, which explains itself.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 25, 1905

Dear Sirs:—The undersigned having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, receiver of the Bloomsburg Steam and Electric Light Company it become his duty to inform you as a consumer that the business of supplying steam heat cannot be further continued at the rates heretofore charged. Operations under those rates means operation at a loss. The rates for steam heat must therefore be increased or the business discontinued by the receiver. It is the desire of the receiver, for the best interests of all concerned, to continue the operation of the steam plant, but whether or not this can be done will depend upon the action of the consumers.

Bills will be rendered as formerly upon the first of each month for the month preceding, and must be paid on or before the tenth of the month or five per cent penalty will be added.

All present arrearages must be immediately paid, and hereafter, when the consumer has become one month in arrear, the receiver will cut off the supply of steam until arrearage and expense of cutting off has been paid.

Failure to notify the receiver that you do not wish to be supplied with steam heat under the above terms will be construed as an acceptance of the same.

JOHN M. CLARK,
Receiver Bloomsburg Steam and Electric Light Co.

People who have their own steam plants in their homes or business buildings are congratulating themselves.

It is to be hoped that the company will be able to continue to run the plant the balance of this season at least, as its stoppage would find many buildings without heat in mid-winter. Next summer there will probably be a rush to put in private plants, unless the Steam Company can make some arrangement by which its permanent continuance can be assured.

Real Estate Transfers.

Register Rutter has recently recorded the following deeds:

E. F. Seesholtz to the American Car and Foundry Company, for property in West Berwick.

George E. Sponsler to James E. Smith, for property in Briar Creek.

Archibald Henrie and wife to William Evans, for property in Briar Creek.

John D. Ellis and wife et al. to Tobias Heidenrick, for property in Madison.

J. H. Harter to Elizabeth Harter for property in Mifflin.

Michael Zuxo et al. to John Seman, for property in West Berwick.

Oliver E. Evans and wife et al. to Job Grassley, for property in Briar Creek.

J. B. Casey, Sheriff, to I W. McKelvy, for property located in Bloomsburg.

Hiram Rupp and wife to Samuel P. Rainsey, for property in Cleveland township.

American Car and Foundry Company to F. P. Seesholtz, for property in West Berwick.

F. P. Seesholtz to Berwick Store Company, Lim., for property in West Berwick.

Berwick Land and Improvement Company to the Berwick Store Company, Lim., for property located in West Berwick.

Daniel Knorr, Sheriff, to the Pennsylvania Trust Company, for property in Bloomsburg.

John Kline's heirs to John L. Kline for property located in Conyngham township.

E. W. Samuel et al. to Anthony Williams, for property in Conyngham township.

John Sherman and wife to Jos. L. Judcowicz, for property in West Berwick.

$25,000 FOR ONE STORY

Conan Doyle, the famous creator of "Sherlock Holmes," has just been given the highest price ever paid in America for one story. This great historical romance, which will, the critics say, be the literary sensation of the day, will begin in "*The Philadelphia Sunday Press.*" Remember the date, December 3, and don't fail to get "*The Sunday Press*" that morning.

For Sale.

Two $100 bonds of the Bloomsburg Furniture Company, 5 per cent. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell, trustee. tf.

Institute Lecture Course.

The people of this vicinity who enjoy highclass lectures and entertainment will find in the Teachers' Institute Lecture Course an array of talent such as is seldom seen in a town of this size. The superintendent realizes that the people hold him responsible and he is determined to provide a course such as is worthy of the loyal patronage of the friends of wholesome entertainment in this vicinity. He has given it out to the public that the course as arranged this year is now in accord with his ideas of what a course ought to be, than any of his previous courses. This is a fair indication that there is a treat in store for us.

On Monday night Dec. 4th the Rogers Grilley company will open the course with a recital. Mr. Rogers is a harpist of national reputation while Mr. Grilley is a reader who ranks with James Whitcome Reily. He is a compoier of considerable merit and popularity.

On Tuesday night Dr. Edward Amherst Ott of Chicago will deliver a lecture entitled "Sour Grapes." The speaker is one of the best known orators and authors in the midnle west. He is guaranteed to be strictly first class.

On Wednesday evening the Leonora Jackson Company will give a concert, the like of which seldom reaches this town. Miss Jackson is pronounced one of the greatest violinists in America. Miss Sibyl Sammis ranks as one of our best sopranos. Mr. Charles E. Clark is a famous baritone and Mr. Alexander MacFaden is a pianist of national reputation.

The last number of the course will be a lecture on Thursday night to be given by the best known lecturer on the American platform today. Col Bain has been here before and needs no introduction. His subject is "The Twentieth Century Search Light."

The price of the course is the same as in previous years viz. Monday 75c., Tuesday 50c., Wednesday 75c., Thursday 50c. Entire course $1.50. Board opens Friday morning at Bidleman's Book Store.

No Strike.

Occasionally one meets with a metropolitan paper or magazine in which some sedentary philosopher with less knowledge of the coal trade than of the possession of the equinoxes, discuss the likelihood of a coal strike next spring when the present contract between the mine owners and mine workers terminates.

Such speculations are not worth a moment's thought, for the reason that there are not the remotest possibilities of a strike. In the first place there is nothing in existing conditions to warrant so great a catastrophe; secondly, neither the companies nor the men want a strike; thirdly, the country is so busy that it cannot afford it; fourthly, there is sufficient common sense among employers and employed to avert it, and there are various other reasons that it is not necessary to enumerate, among them the abounding prosperity of the nation.

Nobody wants a strike or lockout next spring, and as President Mitchell declared in an interview on the subject a short time ago, it would be nothing less than criminal to precipitate such a calamity. That there are certain questions in dispute between mine owners and mine workers is undeniable, but they are not so serious as to be impossible of adjustment among rational men, and the country will look for the exercise of common sense on all sides in dealing with the subject.

Viewed in this light business in the Anthracite valleys should not be influenced adversely during the winter season by the menace of trouble in the coal regions.—Scranton *Truth.*

Trying to Get New York Train.

Berwick business men are making an effort to have the D. L. & W. Railroad Co. run its New York train to that place instead of lying over at Plymouth as now. This would give Shickshinny and Berwick residents a most valuable through train which now runs through from Plymouth to Hoboken, landing passengers in the metropolis in time for dinner, and they can return home the same day as the train starts on the return trip at 4 p. m. and would reach Berwick shortly after 10 o'clock. By the extending of this train service to Berwick the Lackawanna railroad would undoubtedly secure quite a heavy traffic.—*Shickshinny Echo.*

Why not extend this train service to Bloomsburg?

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Coat and Suit Section

Of The Clark Store offers you a selection of all the Newest Models in Ladies' and Childrens Coats, Rain Coats and Ladies' Suits. There is a goodly number of *Special Values* to be had from this showing of Coats and Suits. See the newest Top Coat of mixtures at $9.00. The Heavy Covert Coat at $8.50.

Dress Goods.

All the season's popular dress materials.

Grey wool Crashes	1.00 yd
Newest Cashmere	1.00 yd
Powderettes	1.00 yd
38in. Cashmeres	50c. yd
38in. Mohairs	50c. yd

Bath Robe Blankets

At 90c., 1.19 and 1.29 a pair. Bath robes made up ready for use at 1.75, 2.50 and 5.00.

Black Mercerized Skirts

Most excellent values. Knit top skirts 1.00. Accordion pleated skirts 89c. 1.00 and 1.46. Special ruffled skirt at 1.98.

Hosiery, Underwear

Ladies' wool hose 39c, 50c
Ladies' fleeced hose 15, 25c
Ladies' cotton hose 2 pr. 25
Ladies' cotton hose 25, 50c
Ladies' opera hose 40, 50c
Ladies' fleeced vests 20, 25c
Ladies' fleeced vests 39, 50c
Ladies' " " stouts 25c
Children's vests 25c
Children's union suits 25c and 50 cents.
Ladies' union suits 50c, 75c. and 1.00.

Blankets and Comfortables

Full line of both from 50 cents a pair and upwards.

Millinery

We have reduced the prices on all trimmed hats. The saving is quite an item, all the season's latest styles. We do millinery work of all kinds promptly, stylish, and moderate priced. Make you a new hat to order or do your old one over.

Silks, Velvets

27in. black taffetas 75c.
36in. black taffetas 1.00
20in. colored taffetas 59c
23in. black Poie de Soie 1.00 yard.
27in. black natural habutai 1.00 yard.
27in China silks 50c. yd.

Furs, Furs

No matter what you desire in Ladies' Furs go to The Clark Store. For stock you will find it there from 1.72 to 40.00 for neck furs. For baby coach robes 3.50 and up.

Women's Muslin Wear

A new line of these in drawers, chemises, night gowns, skirts and corset covers. See the drawers at 25c, 39c, 50c. Night gowns 50c, 75c, 1.00 and 1.25. Corset covers 25c, 50c, 85c. Special lot of white skirts at 1.00.

The Clark Store.

TALK NO. 67.

SAVE YOUR EYESIGHT BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE

The proper care of the eyes will save all the worries and miseries that neglect of them will surely bring.

Correctly fitted glasses will remedy the ills already begun.

Skill and experience alone can adjust glasses properly.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

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BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

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RTH OF THANKSGIVING

elebrated by the Pilgrims With Prayers and Feasting

ndaunted by Toil, Ravages of Death and Indian Foes They Set Apart a Day to Give Thanks—Long and Earnest Prayers Offered.

Thanksgiving Day dawned coldly d cheerlessly two hundred and ghty-four years ago, when from the ck of their frail bark the Pilgrim thers gazed upon the forbidding e of the unknown New England ast.

Edward Winslow, historian of the ymouth Colony, has left us an ac- unt of the first Thanksgiving Day. was celebrated in 1621, after a ar of cruel cold, hardship, and fficulties overcome. The work of ttlement had been hard, and the uses, of rough-hewn logs, had en slowly. Exposed to the fury of New England winter, often suffer- g from hunger, constantly threat- ed by roving bands of Indians, ose heroic souls, with sublime ith, could still thank God for bene- s received. A row of graves lay ar the sea, almost half the number those who had landed the pre- ous year, but, undaunted, they, ch by inch, fought the wilderness e elements, and the savages. And ey gave thanks that their condi- on was not worse.

Of just what the first Thanksgiv- g dinner consisted Brother Wins- w does not relate, but contempo- aries tell us that even in those renuous times there was good eer. They had turkeys, you may sure, and fat geese, reminiscent of ichaelmas feasts at home. There as feathered game aplenty, and nison for the killing. Oysters lay fore their very doors, and fish ga- re. Then there were the home- ade barley loaves and cakes of In- an meal—a dainty borrowed from e aborigines. For vegetables they d peas and, of course, beans; par- ips, carrots, turnips, onions, cu- mbers, beets, cabbages, and "cole- orts." Then they had grapes—very sweety and strong," history lls us—with melons and other othsome products of the vine. And st, but by no means least, copious pplies of what the Indians called comfortable warm water," but what e grim Puritan knew as "Hol- nds."

Nevertheless, with all the feast- g, religious things were not for- otten. The first harvest festival was shered in with prayer and the giv- g of thanks. The Indians were iendly, and King Massasoit and his tainers were bidden to the festivi- es with that New England hospi- lity which has continued ever nce. Long-winded prayers there ere, without a doubt, to which the npassive Indians listened with stolid lm. A man who could not pray for ne solid hour without repeating imself was not considered of much count those days, and it is pretty rtain that the endurance of the orshipers was tested that day. So awned and waned the first Thanks- iving.—New York Globe.

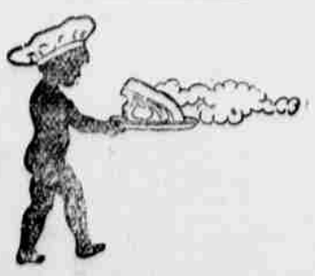
"Let Us Be Thankful."

For national blessings, for the uits of the soil, for wealth and op- ortunities to gain material com- orts, there are no people on earth nder obligations so great as we are, tender thanks to the Most High. od has blessed us beyond all other ations. While in other lands there re complaints of hard times and de- reasing business, the volume of our ational trade is increasing, and bundant harvests have been given s.

For these blessings we ought to ive thanks to God.

For our social blessings we ought lso to render thanks. In spite of loomy prognostications our free in- itutions have been preserved, our overnment by the people and for he people has continued, and we are a no danger of usurpation, or of the ttack of a foreign foe. In spite of he blunders of our legislators, in pite of greed and corruption, in pite of selfishness and the schemes f designing men, our Constitution as survived, and we are still the odel of other nations and the envy f many. For the preservation of ur civil and religious liberty let us hank God.

The best way of proving our thank- ulness in every case is to make ome one else happy. There are eople all around us whose lot is ard, let us brighten it out of our wn abundance. The kindly word, he kindly deed, even a kindly greet- ng, who can tell how grateful it is o the aching heart? We are travel- rs together through life, and if we an lift a burden, or smooth a weary pan in the road, or cheer a sinking eart, we render a brotherly service which mayhap counts for more than we realize. "Go thou and do like- wise," the Master said after telling the story of the Good Samaritan; it was a kindly injunction, beneficial to the man who had fallen among thieves, but still more beneficial to him who plays the neighbor's part.—Christian Herald.



Pulling the Wish Bone.

She was a long time with thinking
What her wish should be,
He almost grew impatient
So long considered she.

For she had many wishes,
And he had only one,
It took him but a moment
To get his wishing done.

But, by and by they pulled it
And Fortune was his friend;
He was a happy mortal,
For he had the longest end.

But she was not unlucky,
For when the reckoning came
It somehow dawned upon them
That they had wished the same.
—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Dressing for the Turkey

"Aren't you glad there's a Thanksgiving" asked Geraldine, aged seven, of Gwendolin, aged ditto. It's bully to have all you want to eat."

"Yes, it's fine to eat like grown-up folks once in a while. What do you suppose Thanksgiving is for, anyway?"

"Why to eat turkey and all sorts of things, of course, you goose," replied Geraldine, sententiously. "Then it's for football games. I heard Cousin Tom say so."

"Yes, but what about the poor people. They haven't any rights, anyway. I heard papa tell Cousin Tom so. Thanksgiving must be for people in society."

"Well, your papa ought to know all about poor people. I heard Uncle Howard say he's made more poor people in the last year than any man in the world. I wonder why. Isn't that funny? Your papa's one of the richest men in our church, isn't he? I heard the minister say so to mamma. And so devout, too, he said. I wonder what devout means."

"I guess it's when you give lots of money to the church and ask the minister to dinner every Sunday."

"I'm glad Thanksgiving is just for society folks, aren't you? Because we couldn't have it if it was for everybody.

"Yes, it's nice to be in society. But is must be awfully funny. They have such queer things. Aren't you dying to grow up so you can see them all? I never understand what they are talking about, do you?"

"No. Cousin Tom told papa the other day that it had cost him a pretty penny to get in the swim, and now that we belonged we could stay right in the push. What ever does he mean?"

"Oh, I suppose the swim is where all society people go. Sister Helena has lots of pretty bathing suits, so of course that's where she uses them."

"Oh, you don't use your bathing suits in the swim, I'm sure. For papa told mamma he'd give a hundred dollars to see her get one of hers wet. And she told him he was a foolish man; that they were not for that purpose at all."

"Well, then, I can't imagine what the swim is, but it must have something to do with water, for Cousin Tom says there's so many lobsters in our set it makes him dippy. Lobsters are nice, I think. When I grow up I'm going to have all I want."

"Your sister Belle's got one now. I heard Tom say so. Anyway, he says she's been fishing so long it was time she was rewarded. Let's ask her what Tom means, will you?"

"All right. I'm not sure at all that I know just what a lobster is. Uncle Howard says our minister is a regular one."

"Then it must be something nice, I'll tell you. Mamma says the minister is awfully well read. Maybe that's what it means to be a lobster."

"Aren't they pretty and red, though?"

"Yes, but the minister isn't a bit pretty."

"I know it, but perhaps that's because he's a dead one. Tom says he is. How can he be a dead one and still be alive? I'd like to know, wouldn't you?"

"Some time let's get Tom to tell us all about society. He knows a lot. Do you know what sort of a thing a social lion is?"

"I believe I'd be afraid to meet one, for Tom says they are something fierce."

"They must be nice, Gwendolin, or they wouldn't have them in society."

'Well, I don't know. papa says there are lots of things in society that are not 'comme il faut.'"

"Don't you hate to talk French?"

"Yes, but we have to learn it to be proper. Mamma says it is awfully common to bring up your children with anything but a French maid."

"Don't you wish Thanksgiving came every day. It's lot of fun when your mamma and papa are in society."—Alice Rohe.

THANKSGIVING FASHION NOTES.

The subject of dressing is just now much discussed.

Popular taste for the Thanksgiving season inclines toward sage effects, somewhat stuffed in the waist.

A correct cut at the present time depends upon the material, whether light or dark, but a little of both, here and there, is a neat combination at this time of the year.

Conventional ideas in trimmings are popular, as usual.

The wing is not so much favored, but, on the other hand, the whole bird is frequently seen.

After dinner toilets are worn with a loose belt.

Boarders—I'll take a leg—a leg—leg for me—leg, if you please.

Landlady — Do you gentlemen think this turkey is a centipede.

THANKSGIVING HUMOR.

Chortles.

Cranberries that make you laugh!
Pun'kins that are great!
Say now, come out in the yard
And guess this turkey's weight.

"Sublime."

Ridiculous.

Might-Have-Been Thanks.

"I shall pay no attention to Thanksgiving Day. I have nothing to be thankful for."

"You haven't? Think a little. If you had received your just deserts regularly where do you suppose you would be to-day, eh?"

"In the White House at Washington, by jimminy!"—Kansas City Journal.

The Small Boy's Thanksgiving.

I know it's right to be thankful
On Thanksgivin' Day an' I am;
I'm thankful for turkey an' cranberry sauce,
An' cake an' plum puddin' an' jam.

But when I think about eatin',
('Cause that's what Thanksgivin' Day's for,)
I know I could feel still thankfuller yet
If my stomach 'ud only hold more.

FOR THE THANKSGIVING PARTY

Dainty Little Favors That Serve as Souvenirs.

Observance of national holiday party is not considered complete in these days of inventiveness without

the introduction of decorations or favors particularly agreeable to the occasion.

Most of the souvenirs are inexpensive, but the hostess who feels inclined to spend a good round sum on a certain centerpiece or a collection of small favors can find plenty of ex-

cuse for so doing in this season's collection. For instance, she might select the football centerpiece pictured above with a mass of chrysanthemums rising from the center. The flowers are realistically fashioned from crepe paper and all the hues of the natural blossom are reproduced. Then there is the candy box, with its top of chrysanthemum petals, colored in the various college tints and appropriately lettered. Useful for candy or ices are the realistic receptacles in the shape of a plum pudding, or turkey, which do not rank among the high priced souvenirs.

DINNER

While custom is more or less elastic regarding the dinner appropriately served at Christmas, New Year's, Easter or the Fourth, tradition holds the Thanksgiving menu in too firm a grasp to be easily loosened. Thanksgiving without its turkey, with its stuffing and cranberry sauce, its pumpkin pie and American cheese, its native nuts and sweet cider, would be like the play of "Hamlet" with both Hamlet and Ophelia left out.

The festival is peculiarly American. Its object "lest we forget." Therefore, the day is not perfect if the feast be made from modern dishes or served after the fashion of any country but our own.

Bank the mantel if you like with fruit interspersed with ears of corn, heads of wheat and barley, autumn leaves and scarlet berries. If you have had forethought to collect and lay aside for this occasion such woodland treasures as our Puritan foremothers might have utilized, so much the better.

Fruit massed with an eye to color effect always makes an appropriate Thanksgiving centerpiece, and may be arranged on a silver salver, in an Indian basket or in a glossy half pumpkin, hollowed out and lined with autumn leaves or waxed paper.

The time honored Thanksgiving dinner is not a course dinner. In the majority of homes the turkey, plump, brown and smoking, with all its "fixings," must be on the table before the blessing can be asked with any degree of responsive feeling, on the part of the juvenile members of the family at least.

An excellent bill of fare, which contains everything that the children of the family feel that they have a right to expect, is the following:—

Coffee.
Oyster Soup.
Celery. Pickled Peaches. Mints.
Grape Jelly.
Roast Turkey.
Chestnut Stuffing. Giblet Gravy.
Cranberry Sauce,
Mashed Potato, Hubbard Squash,
Cream Onions, Succotash.
Cabbage Salad, Crackers and Cheese
Pumpkin Pie, Mince Pie. Cider.
Butternut Ice Cream.
Apples, Nuts, Home Made Candies.
Coffee.

The secret of successfully serving a Thanksgiving dinner so as not to include a roast housewife as well is to have the greater part of it ready the day before. While there is a good fire for the Tuesday ironing the mince pies, cake and bread can all be baked, the cranberry sauce made and the pumpkin cooked and strained for the pies; then set where it will keep cold until Thursday morning, for pumpkin pies to be a delight should be baked the day they are to be eaten.

Go to the market personally, if possible, and select your own turkey. Avoid too large ones, as the meat is neither so sweet nor so tender as smaller ones. Pick out one that is smooth and fair, with short, plump breast and a scarcity of pin featherss.

Beware of long hairs or sharply scaled legs, which are the signs of a turkey's senility.

If one prefers a chestnut dressing it is made in this way:—Cook a dozen large chestnuts in boiling water until the skins loosen. Remove these and again cook in slightly salted water until tender. While still hot rub through a coarse sieve or vegetable press. Add salt, a little white pepper, a grating of nutmeg and two tablespoonfuls of sweet cream. Toss six tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs in two tablespoonfuls of hot melted butter, add the seasoned chestnuts and mix thoroughly.

Other variations in dressing may be made with oysters, olives, mushrooms, chopped almonds or pecans and seeded raisins.

The question as to whether cranberry sauce should be strained or not is a matter of individual preference. Most housewives, however, believe it to be a culinary mistake to strain them, holding that the most delicious part of the peculiar acid of these berries lies in the skins, the flavor of which is developed in the cooking. The bright red Cape Cod berries are considered best and certainly make the more brilliant dish.

At the end of the Thanksgiving dinner there must be pie. This is absolute. While pies of apple, mince and cranberry are all in order, the rich, yellow pumpkin pie sung by Whittier holds the place of honor.

Pumpkin pies require a very hot oven. As the rim of the pies is apt to get burned before the inside is baked sufficiently, it is a good plan to heat the pumpkin mixture scalding hot before turning into the pie tins. Bake as soon as the crusts are filled or else the under crust will be clammy. The larger the number of eggs in the pie the less time will be required in the baking.

The pie should be accompanied with American cheese and followed by home grown nuts. Fruit may be added if desired, while popcorn, nuts and raisins should be left on tap where the guests can help themselves whenever so disposed.

The drink with the dinner should be cider.

Dead Give Away.

"You used to put up some pretty good turkey sandwiches," said the fastidious guest. "I want the same kind of turkey you had last year."

"Dis is de same kind, sah," replied the waiter; "it's been in storage ebeh since last yeah."—Chicago News.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over forty years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter has the most careful consideration and is regarded as *sacredly* confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment cures in the privacy of your home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands of bad cases. It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take his advice and be well.

Mrs. R. D. Monfort, of Lebanon, Warren Co., O., writes: "I have received the 'Medical Adviser.' A crisp, new five dollar bill could not tempt me to part with it."

On receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay cost of mailing *only*, we will send to any address a paper-bound copy of Dr. Pierce's great 1000-page book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser." Or, for 31 stamps the same in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Pierce's Pleasant Pellets **The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS,** first put up by old Dr. R. V. Pierce over 40 years ago. **Much imitated, but never equaled.** Little pill, Little dose, but give great results in a curative way in all derangements of Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

What's In McClure's?

One function of the-up-to-date magazine is to reflect the moving spirit of the time, and this is the striking thing about the December *McClure's*. As befits a holiday number, it is filled with good, strong fiction, there is a Jack London story, one of his best, and six other short stories; but first in importance are the contributions of William Allen White, Ray Stannard Baker and the Rev. Charles D. Williams. William Allen White who, as a judge of public men has become almost the national oracle, cool, incisive, unerring, fixes the place of Folk in national affairs. He tells of his great accomplishments in Missouri, measures the man, and finally shows that he is not big enough yet for Presidential timber.

"Railroad Rebates" is Ray Stannard Baker's second paper on the Railroad Question. He explains what rebates are, how they are paid, who pays them and how they affect industry; illustrating the whole process by specific instances, little human stories picked up from railroad men and shippers, the gainers and the sufferers by the system.

Jack London's "Love of Life" is a harrowing tale of human endurance, pitting against nature and against each other a starving man and a starving wolf. Blumenschein has illustrated it wonderfully, in color. In contrast to this tale of primitive strength is a delicate, fanciful Irish folk tale full of the nimble wit of the race in which Herminie Templeton introduces again Darby O'Gill, and the King of the Faries. Then there is the "Courtship of the Boss," the heart-history of a ringster, an amusing and true story; "The Deepwater Debate," a wholesome little tale of the excitements and the love-making of an old home town and stories by Jean Webster and Adeline Knapp.

Editorially appears a character sketch of Charles Evans Hughes who has been lifting the lid from Insurance in New York, and a critical estimate of Christianity in practice, "The Final test of Christianity," by the Rev. Charles D. Williams.

Boy Wanted.

A boy sixteen years old with fair common school education is wanted at this office to learn the printing trade. Full particulars as to work and pay will be given on application. tf

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL : : : : : :

FOR PILES,
ONE APPLICATION BRINGS RELIEF.
SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

At Druggists, 25 cents, or mailed. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. $1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, $5.
Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price.
Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

The Pilgrim's Thanksgiving.

So many glad Thanksgivings have been mine, oh Lord, and Thou,
Hast so oft changed woe to blessing,
I have blindly wondered how!
But of all the days of goodness, this day surely stands alone,
And the thankfullest Thanksgiving that my life has ever known.

For my country's test is over, and her faith stands fast in Thee,
And another land of freemen is established in the sea
On the hill tops and the house tops one more banner floating bright,
With the wind of God beneath it to uplift it to the light.

Praise and thanks for freedom's conquest!
Praise and thanks for peace restored;
For the myrtle on the pillar, for the wreath beside the sword,
For the silent, shining cannon, for the handclasp and the vow,
For the lengthened roll of heroes—for the martyr's love kissed brow.

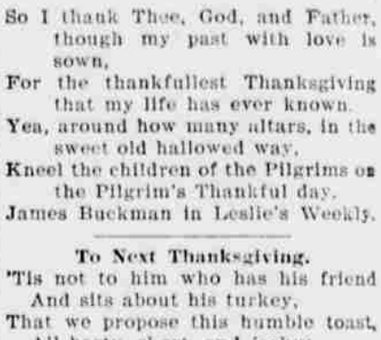
And I thank Thee, God, I thank Thee, for the dear ones, mine and all,
Who've come back with shouts and chaplets to the festive board and hall.
Oh, the hand grasp and the heart grasp another mother's kisses clear,
And the joy around the heartstone in the fullness of the year!

So I thank Thee, God, and Father, though my past with love is sown,
For the thankfullest Thanksgiving that my life has ever known.
Yea, around how many altars, in the sweet old hallowed way,
Kneel the children of the Pilgrims on the Pilgrim's Thankful day.
James Buckman in Leslie's Weekly.

To Next Thanksgiving.

'Tis not to him who has his friend
And sits about his turkey,
That we propose this humble toast,
All hasty, short, and jerky:
But unto him who sits alone
And dreams of bygone revels;
And unto him who dines to-day
With well-known dark blue devils;
And unto him that's sorrow's guest;
And unto him who, chaffing,
Drinks down the gall and hides it all
Beneath a mask of laughing—
We merrymakers lift our cups
And cheer: "May next Thanksgiving
Bring better luck to every chap
Who's sorry now he's living!"
—Kate Parsons Lathrop.

Knew All About It.



Chick—My goodness! You must have been hatched by a big bird.
Baby—Yes—a stork.

Grandmother's Pudding.

Up from the gleam of the grate's glowing embers,
Born where the wind in the chimney sings cold,
Float the dim ghosts of the vanished Novembers,
Bidding me dream of Thanksgivings of old:
Bringing light echoes of laughter uproarious,
Forming bright pictures of sunlight and shade,
Teasing my palate with thoughts of the glorious
Thanksgiving pudding that grandmother made.

Now, as dyspepsia and sad indigestion
Season my food at the banquets of men,
Longing, I sigh for the past, and I question,
Why mayn't I feast on such richness again?
Time, you old fraud, you have widened the waist of me,
Heightened my brow with your scythe's gleaming blade,
But ne'er a dainty you've brought with the taste of the
Thanksgiving puddings that grandmother made.
—Joe Lincoln.

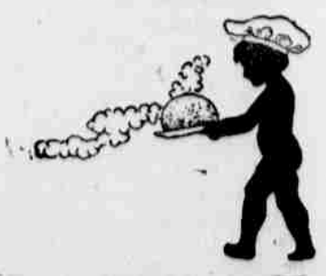
Before the Slaughter.

First Turkey—My, what rot!
Second Turkey—What's the matter?
First Turkey—Saying that worry makes a person thin!—Brooklyn Life.

Same Old Misery.

"S'pose dey wuz a turkey fer ever' po' man in de country?"

"Wouldn't help matters any; dey'd sho' have wings enough ter roost out er reach."—Atlanta Constitution.



SUGAR A STRENGTHENER.

Russian Wrestler Declares it Adds to Height and Strength.

Various reasons have been assigned for the increase in stature and strength of the modern maiden, who has most certainly grown uncommonly tall and proportionately muscular during the past few years. It cannot be that out door sports, gymnastic exercises, and so on, have stretched her out and made her as strong as she is, because her brothers have precisely the same advantages and they have not developed at the same rate. It seems to me, therefore, that the secret lies in the fact that of recent years girls have become far greater consumers of sweetmeats than ever were their mothers and grandmothers.

Time was when we should never have dreamed of having sweets on our luncheon, dinner and tea tables. Now it would be quite extraordinary were one not to offer these dainties. And, what is more, we are not merely content to eat sweetmeats at our meals, but we consume them at all times and in all places between meals. It was recently said that boxes of bonbons play a conspicuous part in modern lovemaking, "sweets to the sweet," being apparently the text by which every young man of the day guides himself through the devious paths of courtship.

The great Russian wrestler who is shortly to enter again into contest with the Turk, Madrali, tells us that the more sweet stuff one eats the stronger one grows. Sugar is the secret of strength, he declares.—London World.

Indians' Deadly Foe.

"The full blooded Indians of the United States are scarcely holding their own in point of increase of population," remarked Capt. Downs, special Indian agent of the United States Government.

"In some of the tribes there is a slight increase, but it is among the mixed breeds and not among those of pure aboriginal stock. The deadly foe of the red man continues now, as for many years past, to be tuberculosis.

"Just why this disease should seem to commit greater ravages among the Indians is difficult to understand. At first the theory was that it was due to their changed mode of existence; that the transition from a savage to civilized life made them peculiarly susceptible. I am inclined to think that there is but little basis for this view, especially as the number of victims claimed by consumption shows no sign of diminution, although many years have elapsed since the Indian forsook the primitive ways of living.

"A more reasonable explanation is found in the present habits of the people. In building their teepees or log houses they make very scant allowance for ventilation, and sleep in quarters from which fresh air is largely excluded. Besides, a dozen or more individuals will occupy a room that ought not at the most to contain more than two. Another bad practice of which it is difficult to break them is that of the common pipe. A group of Indians will take turns in smoking the same pipe, and if one of the party be diseased there is always the danger of its being transmitted.—Washington Post.

Lake Turns Red.

One of the natural curiosities of Switzerland is Lake Morat, which turns blood red every tenth year.

For centuries this freak was regarded by the Swiss with superstitious dread, and not until scientists turned their attention to the matter was the belief in the supernatural partly removed. Even now some of the more ignorant persist in regarding the omen as one of evil import.

The reddish color is given the water by a minute plant closely related to the red snow.

Every tenth year this plant begins to propagate, and so quickly does it grow that in a short time the whole lake is a crimson tide. The plant is so minute as not to be perceptible without the aid of a microscope, and there was some foundation for the early belief that the lake had turned into a sea of blood.

Business of an Empire.

An idea of the cost of running a great nation may be gained from the statement that England's balance sheet for the last fiscal year shows an expenditure of considerably more than three-quarters of a billion dollars. The exact amount was £151,769,000. To meet this revenues were raised amounting to £153,707,000, leaving a surplus on hand of £1,938,000. Of this vast expenditure £66,200,000 went to the army and navy, £924,000 for dispensing justice, and £15,161,000 was spent on education. There is one entry under expenditure which reveals the magnitude of the empire's business. It is that for "stationery and printing," and shows that three-quarters of a million pounds was expended on this item alone during the past year. —Leslie's Weekly.

Madrid still has the medieval night watchmen. They admit late comers to the apartment houses at night, but no longer sing out the hour or the condition of the weather. They still go by the name of "sereno," which they got from the fact that, as it seldom rains in Spain, their cries about the weather generally ended with that word ("las tres y sereno").

One-sixth of the members of Camp Nome, Arctic Brotherhood, are college graduates.

ROOSEVELT AS A BEAR HUNTER.

Black Sort Not a Formidable Brute —Easily Loses its Head.

Ordinarily, however, a black bear will not charge home, though he may bluster a good deal, says the President. I once shot one very close up which made a most lamentable outcry, and seemed to lose its head, its efforts to escape resulting in its bouncing about among the trees with such heedless hurry that I was easily able to kill it.

Another black bear, which I also shot at close quarters, came straight for my companions and myself, and almost ran over the white hunter who was with me. This bear made no sound whatever when I first hit it, and I do not think it was charging. I believe it was simply dazed, and by accident ran the wrong way, and so almost came into collision with us.

However, when it found itself face to face with the white hunter, and only four or five feet away, it prepared for hostilities, and I think would have mauled him if I had not brained it with another bullet; for I was myself standing but six feet or so to one side of it. None of the bears shot on this Colorado trip made a sound when hit; they all died silently, like so many wolves.

Ordinarily, my experience has been that bears were not flurried when I suddenly came upon them. They impressed me as if they were always keeping in mind the place toward which they wished to retreat in the event of danger, and for this place, which was invariably a piece of rough ground or dense timber, they made off with all possible speed, not seeming to lose their heads.

Frequently I have been able to watch bears for some time while myself unobserved. With other game I have very often done this even when within close range, not wishing to kill creatures needlessly, or without a good object; but with bears, my experience has been that chances to secure them come so seldom as to make it very distinctly worth while improving any that do come.—New York Mail.

Edict Against the Almighty.

The conviction has long prevailed that boldness and resolution are innate in the Anglo-Saxon races, but a recent example of unheard of courage is offered by the mayor of one of the cities of Spain, who has openly challenged no less than the Almighty by publicly denouncing His behavior toward the mayor's province in the following interesting decree, translated from a Spanish journal:

"The mayor of the department of Carthanas, to the inhabitants thereof, know ye:

"Whereas the Almighty has not behaved himself properly with regard to this province and city, inasmuch as only one rainstorm visited the country during the last year, and not a single time has it rained during this winter, in spite of prayers and processions, to detriment to the chestnut crops, on which the prosperity and progress of our province depends;

"Now, therefore, be it resolved:

"Art. I. If within the peremptory term of a week, from the date of this decree, it should fail to rain abundantly, no one shall attend mass nor say prayers of any kind.

"Art. II. Should the drought continue for a term of eight days longer, all churches and chapels shall be burned and all objects of devotion and prayer destroyed.

Art. III. Finally, if within a third term of a week, it should fail to rain abundantly, all clergymen, monks and friars shall be massacred and beheaded.

"And permission is hereby granted to all to commit all sorts and species of sin, that the Supreme Being may know and understand with whom he is dealing."—Mexican Herald.

A Blind Man's Newspaper.

For the first time in history the blind have now a weekly newspaper of their own. It is issued at a penny, too, and contains an excellent record of the events of the week, doings in parliament, the war in the East, and so on. It is called the Braille Weekly, after the French inventor of the greatest system of printing and writing for the blind, and is printed at Edinburgh on a cylinder machine by a new invention which alone enables the paper to be issued at the popular price of a single copper coin. —London Daily News.

Occupation and Physiognomy.

Calling must certainly have some influence over the physiognomy of the cabman, the omnibus driver, the butler, or the groom; each frequently possesses a type of face which wears so characteristic an expression as to make it not difficult to identify the vocation accompanying it. We speak also of the legal face, the scientific face, the ecclesiastical face, the musical face and artistic face, the dramatic face, and the military face.—The Lancet.

A few years ago the President decided to appoint Mr. Wynne, now Consul General at London, to be First Assistant Postmaster General.

"How will we keep this from the newspapers?" was asked by some of the President's advisers.

"I think that the best way would be to take the newspaper correspondents into our confidence," said the President.

This was done, and the secret was carefully guarded for a month, although known all that time by fifty or more Washington correspondents. —Louisville Post.

THE LAWS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Boers Opposed to Black Man Being Represented.

The difficulties presented to the legislator in South Africa are greater than those in any other British colony or group of colonies. Foremost among them is the political position of the black races. Two years ago an intercolonial conference met at Bloemfontein, which resolved that a commission be appointed to gather information and make recommendations "with the object of arriving at a common understanding on questions of native policy." Six months later a commission was chosen consisting of eleven members, representing all the South African colonies. After an investigation lasting many months, during which the commissioners travelled all over South Africa, they prepared a report which has been published by the Colonial Office. The first matter dealt with by the commission was the definition of the word "native." It was decided that the world should mean an aboriginal inhabitant of Africa south of the equator; a half-caste, that is, the offspring of a white and an aboriginal parent, and the offspring of a half-castes and an aboriginal. According to this definition, the child of a half-caste and a European is not regarded as a "native."

A far more difficult question was next considered, that of the representation of natives in the colonial parliaments and in the future federal parliament. In the Cape Colony all who have the requisite qualification, European or native, possess the franchise. As a consequence, the numoer of native voters is increasing every year and threatens in time to outnumber the white vote. The commission, while deeming it necessary that the natives should have some form of representation, rejected, unhesitatingly, the proposition that "full and equal political rights should be granted to all classes of men fulfilling the necessary franchise qualifications." It was resolved to recommend the adoption of the New Zealand plan for the representation of the Maoris—that is, that the natives should elect a certain number of members, "not more than sufficient to provide an adequate means for the expression of native views and the ventilation of their grievances, if any; the number of members not to be regulated by the numerical strength of the native vote, and no native to vote at the election of any candidate or member who is to represent Europeans."

The adoption of such a scheme would involve the curtailment of native rights in the Cape Colony and Rhodesia (where the Cape Colony system prevails) and the granting of the limited franchise to the natives in Natal, the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony, where they have hitherto had no vote.

The Boers, who are about half the population, are bitterly opposed to any sort of representation of black or colored men.

The Shah's Strange Fear.

There was an element of humor in the interview which took place in Paris between the Shah of Persia and M. Curie, the French scientist. His majesty had expressed his desire to see the wonders of radium, so a telegram was sent to M. Curie asking him to present himself at the Elysee Palace Hotel, says the London Chronicle.

"Your name and your great discovery are known to us in Persia," said the Shah, after the manner of an "Arabian Night" potentate addressing a magician. "I wish to see this famous radium, which is described as having the most marvellous powers."

"Sire," replied M. Curie, "I can satisfy your curiosity, but not here, for the light is too strong. In order that you may properly see the brilliance of radium I must show it in a room which is dark—entirely dark."

The Shah, whose nervousness is very well known, did not take kindly to the idea of a dark room, and called his grand vizier, who suggested drawing the curtains of the room, but M. Curie persisted that blackness was necessary. Thereupon the Shah called M. Paoli, the French detective protector of royalties, who assured his majesty that there was no danger. So the party descended to the underground apartment in the hotel known as the safe room.

M. Curie began expounding the properties of radium, and then gave a signal for the electric light to be switched off. Immediately a panic seized the Shah's suite and all cried out in Persian and in French, "Light! Light! Turn on the light!" The electricity was switched on again, and the disappointed savant was forced to show his radium in a lighted room.

A Day's Doings in New York.

Every40 seconds an immigrant arrives.

Every 3 minutes some one is arrested.

Every 6 minutes a child is born.

Every 7 minutes there is a funeral.

Every 13 minutes a couple get married.

Every 42 minutes a new business firm starts up.

Every 48 minutes a building catches fire.

Every 48 minutes a ship leaves the harbor.

Every 51 minutes a new building is erected.

Every 55 minutes a passenger train arrives from some point outside the city limits.

Every 1¾ hours some one is killed by accident.

Every 7 hours some one fails in business.

Every 8 hours an attempt to kill some one is made.

Every 8½ hours some couple is divorced.

Every 10 hours some one commits suicide.

Every 2 days some one is murdered.

SOME VERY STRANGE DISHES.

Savages Not Only Ones with Fastidious Tastes.

In America horse flesh is sold surreptitiously, masquerading as beef. In the markets of most European cities horse and mule flesh is sold openly, in some cases, however, being under the surveillance of the police. "The Greeks ate donkeys," they say, "and if donkeys were edible, why not horses today?"

A strong prejudice was manifested against eating horse flesh when its use was first proposed, but this feeling is rapidly vanishing, and hippophagy is as common as beef eating. The worn-out steed finds his way to the abattoir as readily as the cow that will not give milk, or the stall-fed ox.

Frogs are dearly prized by gourmets the world over. Snails are devoured in France, and help to tickle the jaded palate that has become cloyed with swollen goose liver and decayed salmon roes. The snails that are eaten are the every-day, slimy little mollusks that are to be found by thousands in the gardens, vineyards and woods of the provinces of Burgundy and Provence, and in Switzerland.

Australian natives are fond of butterflies and declare them to be more nourishing than the flesh of kangaroos or fowls. The butterflies are pounded into a sort of cake.

The aborigines of South America and Africa consider the guana, a large lizard, a great delicacy. These lizards are not unlike a small crocodile, but are far more unsightly than that creature.

In Australia several kinds of snakes are eaten roasted. They are said to be equal in delicacy and flavor to the finest stewed eels. An English traveler declares the steam from the roasting reptiles is by no means unsavory.

Some folks in Russia will pledge their friends in a goblet of unrefined train oil, and not so long ago dwellers on the American prairies esteemed a glass of buffalo's blood the richest drink on earth.—What-to-Eat.

Curious Historical Wagers.

In the year 1787 a farmer laid a wager that he would eat two dozen penny mutton pies and drink a gallon of ale in half an hour, a feat which he easily performed well within the specified limit, says the Queen. In about half an hour afterward he devoured a three-penny loaf and a pound of cheese and then attacked a leg of pork.

A few years later, when the prince regent was enlivening Brighton with his vagaries, the notorius Sir John Lade made his celebrated wager that he would carry Lord Cholmondeley on his back twice around the Steine. As Sir John was short and his opponent tall, much curiosity was aroused, and many spectators, including ladies, came out to see, but were all balked of the spectacle by the knight declining to bear the nobleman except in the minimum of clothing, declaring that there was nothing in the conditions calling upon him to carry extra weight.

Of quite another kind was the wagering by a gentleman that he would stand all day upon London Bridge with a trayful of new sovereigns, but be unable to sell them at a penny apiece, and, like Sir John Lade, he won his wager.

In 1806 a curious wager was laid between two gentlemen as to who should assume the most singular character at a fancy dress ball. The winner paraded with his coat and waistcoat decoraetd with banknotes of different values, a row of five-guinea notes and a netted nurse of gold adorned his hat, while on his hat appeared a piece of paper with the words, "John Bull."

The loser would certainly appear to have been more original still, for he appeared dressed like a woman on one side, one-half of his face being painted and the other half blackened to resemble that of a negro. On one leg he wore a silk stocking and a slipper and on the other half a pair of linen breeches, a boot and spur, while he was also adorned with half a long-tailed linen coat.

Money in Waste Hardwood.

All the world's woodcutters might be millionaires if they knew how to gather up the twelve baskets of industrial crumbs as does a distilling plant in a Michigan town. This establishment has a capacity of ninety cords of hardwood a day, the wood consumed being slabs, crooked logs, treetops and other hardwood offal from logging and lumbering operations.

From one cord of this material there is made ten gallons of wood alcohol, 98½ per cent being pure; 200 pounds of acetate of lime, quicklime being added for this purpose, and 50 bushels of charcoal. Every product of the wood except the charcoal passes off in the form of gas and is reduced by distillation. Some irreducible gas and a little tar product are used as fuel. Nothing is lost.

The alcohol is worth 60 cents a gallon. The acetate of lime is worth 2 cents a pound and the charcoal is worth 10 cents a bushel. The value of the lime used is worth not over one-fourth of the value of the acetate. The value of the final product of the cord of refuse wood is, therefore, not far from $14. The process is not expensive. The plant, running at full capacity, will turn out a product daily worth $1,200 from material that has but little commercial value in its crude form.—Chicago Tribune.

Plants Affected by Ether.

Ether and chloroform, so useful in sending men to sleep, have the very opposite effect on plants, which are stimulated to the greatest possible activity by these drugs. In Denmark and Germany advantage has been taken of this fact to force flowers in rooms and glasshouses, and to make them bloom out of season. The results are said to be marvellous.

If You Want to Read Something Good!

A distinct Christmas flavor found in *Lippincott's Magazine* for December adds to the general interest which is never lacking. This is a season of happiness and *Lippincott's* is happy too. Jolliness, humor and pathos are there, but the deeper tragedies of life have no place in this issue.

The opening novelette, "Of the Lion's breed," is by Grace MacGowen Cooke in collaboration with Vond Reed; and it is good enough to indicate the quality of the seven shorter stories which follow. It is a picturesque romance of the coal fields, strongly dramatic, yet treated with the utmost simplicity.

"Josiah Allen's Wife" calls her amusing contribution "The Last Straw." This may prove illuminative to husbands. Mrs. I Zang will who still writes under her maiden name, E. Ayrton, is the author of "Don Cupid," a sweet child sketch with a grown-up love interest. An automobile racing story by Ralph Henry Barbour, called "Victory With Honor," abounds in humorous situations and lively dialogue. "A Studio Mouse," is a clever tale of artistic life among the "cliff dwellers." In it the Mouse (George Knox) describes a courtship which threatens to cut off its source of supplies. Seumas Macmanus, the Irish humorist, tells 'How Condy Rhu Raised the Devil," and makes it superlatively funny. Ella Middleton Tybout's story, "A Moment of Confidence," shows two pictures of the fireside,—which cynics try to make us believe is obsolete,—very real human pictures, complete in contrast. "The Wildwood Limited" is a story of a locomotive engineer, by Cy Warman, whose name in the line he has chosen has few equals. This tale will be especially enjoyed by railroad men.

Marion Harland once spent Christmas in Beth-lehem of Judea. She describes the Christmas ceremonies in the Church, which is built on the site of the Manger where Christ was born, and gives much interesting news of the town, in her paper in the Christmas *Lippincott's*.

A paper on "The Modern Lyceum," by Paul M. Pearson supplies up-to date information on this live subject; and Wimer Bedford, a Veteran, writes an anecdotic article on "Some Generals of the Civil War." This will be followed by a second paper of further reminiscences.

Christmas poems by Charles Hanson Towne and Clinton Scollard mark the glad season.

"Walnuts and Wine" have caught the prevailing happiness and reflect its spirit in joke and verselet.

A Record Crop.

This Year's Production of Corn Breaks All Previous Records.

The corn crop of 1905, according to the American Agriculturist of November 18th, approximates 2,700,000,000 bushels, making the largest ever produced, and 130,000,000 bushels greater than last year's splended total. The notable thing in recent weeks was the splendid weather throughout a large part of the corn belt, and the absence of killing frosts until a late date. Eore or less corn in shock in Missouri and Kansat was badly damaged by excessive rains, these causing mold and decay. Correspondents' report an excellent rate of field in Illinois, Iowa, Ohio, Indiana and Nebraska, 31½ to 38 bushels to the acre. New York is credited with 30½ bushels and Pennsylvania 35 bushels. The rate of yield for the United States is placed at 28-7 bushels, or one bushel greater than the preceding season.

A physician long in the field of practice says that you can keep a cellar dry by opening the north window and keeping the other windows closed. The wind from any other direction of the compass will cause the cellar to remain damp.

Professional Cards.

N. U. FUNK.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ent's Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Townsend's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, 1st door below Opera House.

H. A. McKELVY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. N. YOST.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Ent Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Over First National Bank,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Ent's Building.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg,
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Ent building, over Farmers National Bank. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and [illegible] with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 to 8 Telephone.

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mark
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,5
Penn'a, Phila.	400,000	3,525,160	1,419,
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,916	1,021,6
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	425,
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
All claims promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
INSURANCE AND REALESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS,
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, hot and cold water, and all

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1905.

Y. W. C. A.

Annual Meeting Held Last Friday Evening.

The second annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association was held in their rooms last Friday evening. The following ladies were elected members of the Board of Managers for a term of three years: Mrs. J J. Brown, Mrs. R. E. Hartman, Mrs. E. W. Johnson, Mrs. John Lewis, Mrs. F. B. Ringrose. Mrs. C. A. Caswell was reelected treasurer. The secretary, Miss Webster, made the following statistical report:

Letters and cards mailed 229, circulating tracts 24,978, calls made 1423, calls received 3502, church notices 297, newspaper notices 270, attendance at recitals and entertainments 1875, at public meetings 200, at parlor conference 25, at Board and Committee meeting 162, at annual meeting 25, at rest room on fair grounds 350, at prayer circle 138, at Bible classes 600, at embroidery classes 111, at physical culture classes 156, at gospel meetings 2494, at Pyrog. meetings 21, Promise booklets given out 20,31; total 9.953.

Committee reports, of great interest, were given on the devotional, membership, invitation and social work.

The program also included an address by Miss Frances Schuyler of Williamsport, on "How the Association Meets the Needs of the Young Women," instrumental solo, Mrs. R Rush Zarr; reading, Miss Mabel Supplee; vocal solo, Miss Mae Gross; vocal solo, Mrs. John Knies; instrumental solo, Miss Briggs.

Neighborly Neighbors

A very choice offering to the amusement seekers of Bloomsburg, is that extremely entertaining comedian, Tom Waters in his new musical mixture, Neighborly Neighbors. Much that is wholesome in the comedy field has been packed into two hours and a half of invigorating fun centering about the actions of some of the cleverest of comedians and comediennes. The action of the play is fast and genuinely funny, never degenerating into horse-play. It is a laughable success, as gingery and effervescent as wine of ten years vintage. A good dose for all dyspeptics, misanthropes, melancholics and others for whom the medicine of wit should be prescribed. Interpolated, not obtruded are high class specialties, catchy musical numbers and bits of comic extravagance. The chorus girls are tuneful and pleasing. There has been no expense spared to make this one of the leading musical comedies in America. At the Grand Opera House, Dec. 1st.

Eagles Attended Church.

In accordance with their custom to attend service in a body, at one of the churches of the town, Theta Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, attended St. Paul's P. E. church last Sunday morning. They filled thirty pews and were a fine looking body of men. It was an inspiring service. Nearly every seat was filled, the music was good, and the sermon preached by the rector, Rev. R. S Nichols was a most excellent one.

Rheumatism

Is one of the constitutional diseases. It manifests itself in local aches and pains,—inflamed joints and stiff muscles,—but it cannot be cured by local applications. It requires constitutional treatment acting through the blood, and the best is a course of the great medicine

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which has permanently cured thousands of cases.

For testimonials of remarkable cures send for Book on Rheumatism, No. 7. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

They Must Carry Cards.

San Jose Demonstrators Must Carry Commission With Them.

Word has been received by State Zoologist Surface that a man representing himself as an agent of the agricultural department has been going through Northumberland county telling farmers whose orchards are afflicted with the San Jose Scale that they must cut down their trees. This advice has so incensed the people of that county that when W. H. Brinkerhoff, the official inspector and demonstrator of Northumberland, Montour and Schuylkill counties, presented himself he has been turned away. They fear that he is a colleague of the bogus odvice man. State Zoologist Surface said yesterday that the actions of the fraud were defeating the purpoees of the department, which are the detecting of the scale and the treatment of trees that are affected. The inspectors hereafter will carry cards bearing a commission from the agricultral department.

Pianos May Be Tuned Any Time Before February 15th.

The winter season for tuning pianos is the most advantageous of the year and extends from November until Febtuary. It is not necessary for the welfare of the piauo that the work should be done early in this season.

Mr. Guernsey the well known tuner with his corps of able assistants who has the patronage of the most critical piano users throughout the territory he covers, is meeting as promptly as possible all the engagements. Mr. Sturdevant who has become very favorably known to Mr. Guernsey's patrons in Bloomsburg will be with him here the week of Dec. 11th and together they will endeavor to meet all engagements, so that pianos will be in fine shape for the holidays

Orders at Central Hotel or COLUMBIAN office.

NOTICE.

In Re the Application of Maier Katz, for Pardon.

To All Persons Interested:

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Pardons, at its next regular meeting at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, December 20th, 1905, for a pardon for Maier Katz, who was convicted at No. one, December Sessions, 1905, in the Court of oyer and Terminer of Columbia County, of the crime of horse stealing, and sentenced to the Eastern Penttentiary for a term of ten years.

WALTER SHIPMAN,
Atty. for Maier Katz.

Nov. 25, 1905. 332 Market St., Sunbury, Penn'a. 2t.

Rummage Sale

The Civic Club will hold a rummage sale during the week beginning December 4th, in the store room abjoining L. T. Sharpless Co. Wearing apparel, and articles of every kind are solicited.

ROYAL

The Absolutely Pure

Baking Powder

Made of Cream of Tartar, and Free From Alum or Phosphatic Acid

Royal Baking Powder renders bread, biscuit, cake and all flour foods finer and more healthful.

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Baking powders made from alum, phosphates and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but they are injurious to the stomach.

"The injurious effect of alum on the mucous coat of the stomach is positive and beyond dispute; it is both an irritant and an astringent. The use of alum in any article of food or article used in the preparation of food should be prohibited."

JOHN C. WISE, M.D., Medical Inspector, U. S. Navy.

COL. CO. TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

[Continued from 1st page.]

Franklin	Mercy E. Gotshall
Greenwood	Geo. E. Dodson
Hemlock	Emma Maust
Jackson	Arthur E. Cole
Locust	Kimber Knorr
Madison	Mary Blee
Main	Luella Albertson
Mifflin	F. A. Berkenstock
Millville	Luther B. Rissel
Montour	Edith Keller
Mt. Pleasant	Rush M. Creasy
Orangeville	Daniel Snyder
Orange	Etta M. Hirlinger
Pine	Jackson Lunger
Roaringcreek	Ira C. Cherington
Scott	R. V. Wolfe
Sugarloaf	A. S. Fritz
Stillwater	Anna Hess
West Berwick	Harlan R. Snyder

The above persons are appointed to determine when and where they desire their institute shall be held, and report the same to the Superintendent at the close of the session on Tuesday afternoon.

INSTRUCTORS

HONORABLE NATHAN C. SCHAFFER
State Superintendent of Public Instruction

RURIC N. ROARK, PH. D.
Honorary Fellow in Clark University

CHARLES A. MCMURRY, PH. D.
Head of the Department of Child Study and Pedagogy, Indiana State Normal

PROFESSOR ORVAL H. YETTER
Department of Music, Bloomsburg Public Schools
Pianist

MISS MARY ALBERT
Vocalist

MISS ROSA E. VOLLRATH

EVENING LECTURES AND ENTERTAINMENTS.

Monday, Dec. 4, 8 P. M.
Rogers-Grilley - - Recital

Tuesday, Dec. 5, 8 P. M.
Solo "The Horn," by A. Flegier
Miss Rosa E. Vollrath
Dr. Edward Amherst Ott Lecture
"Sour Grapes."

Wednesday, Dec. 6, 8 P. M.
Leonora Jackson Company Concert

Thursday, Dec. 7, 8 P. M.
Piano Solo - - Miss Elsie Hicks
Colonel George W. Bain Lecture
"The Twentieth Century Search Light.

Monday, 9 A. M.

Enrollment: Third floor, Court House. All teachers are expected to enroll before 12 o'clock.

1:30 P. M. Normal Auditorium.

Have tickets punched as soon as you enter.
Music - - Prof. O. H. Yetter
Devotional Exercises
Dr. G. H. Hemmingway
Greeting C. C. Yetter, Esq.
Mayor of Bloomsburg.
Response D. H. Krise, Centralia
The Root Principle of Education. (Education is life, and the aim of life is happiness).
Dr. Ruric N. Roark
Music
A History Lesson for Intermediate Grades. (The Lewis and Clark Expedition) Dr. C. A. McMurry
Music

8 P. M.
Rogers-Grilley Recital

Tuesday 9 to 10:15 A. M.

Teachers meet for section work in High School Buiiding.

10:30 (promptly) Normal Auditorium.

Music
Devotional Exercises
Rev. J. Edward Byers
A Geography Lesson. (The Pennsylvania Railroad as a type of Railroads) Dr. McMurry
Music Miss Vollrath
The Processes and Products of Teaching. (A description, abundantly illustrated, of what teaching is and what its results are)
Dr. Roark
Music

1:45 P. M.

Music
Consciousness. (A discussion of the fundamental concepts and terms in Psychology) Dr. Roark
Music Miss Vollrath
A Reading Lesson Dr. McMurry
Music

8:00 P. M.
Solo "The Horn" by A. Flegier
Miss Rose E. Vollrath
Dr. Edward Amherst Ott Lecture
"Sour Grapes"

Wednesday, 9 to 10:15 A. M.
Meet in High School.

10:30.

Music
Devotional Exercises
Rev. R. S, Nichols
Attention. (Focused consciousness its several phases, their value and danger) Dr. Roark
Music Miss Vollrath
Language lessons in relation to other studies Dr. McMurry
Music.

1:45.

Music.
Memory. (The possibilities of yesterday and of immortality. Do we ever forget?) Dr. Roark
Music Miss Vollrath
Reading Materials in Primary Grades Dr. McMurry
Music

8:00 P. M.
Leonora Jackson Company.
Concert

Thursday, 9:00 to 10:00
Meet in High School.
Music
Devotional Exercises,
Rev. W. M. Tinker
Habit. (The price of a habit, and its dividends) - Dr. Roark
Music - Miss Vollrath
Books for teachers to read
Dr. McMurry
Address Hon. Nathan C. Schaffer

1:45

Music
What's the Matter with Arithmetic? (An arraignment of the useless; an urgent plea for the proper teaching of the useful) - Dr. Roark
Music - - Miss Vollrath
The problem of over crowding the course of study Dr. McMurry
Music
Address to teachers and directors - Dr. Shaeffer
Music

8:00 p. m.
Colonel George W. Bain Lecture
The Twentieth Century Search Light.

FRIDAY, 9:00 A. M. NORMAL AUDITORIUM.

Music
Devotional Exercises
Rev. P. F. Eyer
Institute Business
Music
The value of Geography, History and Science for the practical concerns of life.
Dr. McMurry
Music
Subject to be selected Dr. Roark
Have all B. & S. R. R. tickets countersigned.

Return your attendance cards to the Superintendent at the close of the session.

A cordial invitation is hereby extended to all persons who are interested in education to enjoy the benefits of the sessions with the teachers.

All public schools in the county must be closed during Institute according to law. Every teacher is expected to attend; the law requires directors to pay teachers only for the time they *actually* attend the institute.

The enrollment fee will be $1.50. This entitles those who enroll to a singing book, and reserved seat for the lecture course, besides the benefits of the daily instruction.

Each teacher must enroll for himself or herself in order that all may have equal opportunities to obtain good seats. The board will open for teachers at 9 o'clock. All teachers are expected to enroll before 12 o'clock in order to receive credit for Monday forenoon.

DIRECTORS' MEETING.

Thursday, Dec. 7.

Meet in Court Room No. 2, promptly at 9:30 o'clock.
Devotional Exercises
Rev. J. Shambach
Minutes Wm. E. Rinker, Sec.
President's Address Dr. L.B. Kline
What is meant by a strong teacher?
Dr. C. A. McMurry
Address, State Superintendent
N. C. Schaeffer
Dollars and Sense
Dr. Ruric N. Roark
Afternoon 1:30
The Vaccination Question
J. C. Brown
Questions from Directors
Wm. W. Evans

Public Sale

H. Mont Smith, trustee of the estate of Joseph Tinsley, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises in Briarcreek township, fifty-four acres of land, with dwelling house, barn and outbuildings, on Friday, December 1st, 1905, at 3 o'clock P. M. ts

Is Your Stomach Disordered?

If it is, indigestion naturally ensues; the kidneys become clogged with impurities that impair or stop their secretory functions; the blood is vitiated and actually poisons the whole being. Let this go on to its natural ending and the sure result is—death. The one medicine that will arrest this fatal progress is

Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

which stimulates and strengthens the digestive organs, restores the secretory functions and speedily casts out the gathered impurities in the organs affected. If you have bad breath, sluggish bowels, pain in the back, discolored skin, nervousness or dizziness, you may be certain that your vital organs are sadly out of condition and that

Your Only Wise Course

is a medicine that will cleanse your system of the impurities that clog life channels and restore vigor and health. Medical science proves that diseases, no matter how great a variety, seem to proceed from comparatively few causes. It is for this reason that some single medicines relieve or cure so wide a range of complaints. When a medical preparation acts at once upon the digestive and urinary organs and also

Purifies the Blood

the list of difficulties subject to its control is astonishing. It is conceded that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the most effective preparation now in use for all diseases arising from a foul or impure state of the circulation. A persevering use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy according to directions, will soon relieve and ultimately cure when no other medicine or treatment is of any permanent benefit.

Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

Prepared at Rondout, N. Y.
Sold by all druggists. $1 a bottle; 6 for $5

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Special Coat Values
For Women and Children

Half-tight Kersey Coat $10.00. Women's black, navy and castor half-tight Kersey Coats, 41 in. long—collarless braided at neck, turn back cuffs, plaits down back, half lined with good venetian lining, patch pockets, belted back, great value at $10.00

Black and Castor Kersey Empire Coats with silk velvet inlaid collar, full plaits from yoke, turn back cuff edged with velvet, half lined with venetian, price $12.50

Children's Brown and Navy Heavy Cheviot Coats, full back, with half belt, patch pockets, turn back cuff, brass buttons, emblems on sleeve, regular coat collar, extra value at $5.00

R. E. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer
Makes the hair grow long and heavy, and keeps it soft and glossy. Stops falling hair and cures dandruff. And it always restores color to gray hair. Sold for fifty years.
If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

CONAN DOYLE, THE FAMOUS CREATOR OF "SHERLOCK HOLMES," RECEIVES THE HIGHEST PRICE EVER PAID IN AMERICA FOR ANY SERIAL STORY

$25,000 For Just the Magazine Rights of His Thrilling New Romance, "Sir Nigel"

Exclusively In The Sunday Philadelphia Press

When the most successful novelist of our time, at the zenith of his fame, writes his undoubted masterpiece, the literary event calls for more than passing comment. The eyes of all the world who write, and of all the world who read, become fixed upon the career of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Knight by grace of King Edward, and by grace of the people the first story-teller in the world to-day.

No author is better qualified to put forth a volume that will endure as long as English literature is extant than Conan Doyle, and no work will come nearer being the greatest story that the world has ever read than "Sir Nigel" for which the astounding price of $25,000 has been paid, not only for just the American magazine rights, but for the rights for just this publication.

All the critics say that Conan Doyle's fame rests not upon his "Sherlock Holmes" stories but upon his "White Company," a tale of the middle ages. And another "White Company" this thrilling new romance is to be, in which Conan Doyle takes up "Sir Nigel" at the age of twenty-two, just as he is setting forth in life to mend with his sword the fallen fortunes of his noble house and family.

Critics and editors who have been favored with early readings of it say it is unquestionably the greatest historical romance ever written, and will without doubt be the literary sensation of the year. The first installment begins in the Sunday Magazine section of "The Philadelphia Press," beginning Sunday, December 3. Nowhere else can it be procured in book or other form; therefore it behooves you to leave your order with your newsdealer or carrier to serve you with "The Sunday Press" of that date, December 3.

W. L. Douglas
SHOES

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes have by their Excellent style, Easy fitting and Superior wearing qualities achieved the largest sale of any shoes of the price in the world.

Fall styles now in stock let us fit you with a pair.

W. H. MOORE,
Corner Main and Iron Sts.,
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USE
BLACK
DIAMOND
WHISKY
7-6 tf.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

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IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO., AND BOWLBY.

—o—

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

—o—

WASH MACHINES
Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

—o—

J. SALTZER,
Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

NOW IS THE TIME

of year when you think of cleaning house, also of cleaning up the rubbish and foul matter which has accumulated about your premises, to guard against sickness, but do you ever give the second thought to the old built-in unsanitary Plumbing Fixtures which breed disease right in your own houses. If you think of installing

NEW FIXTURES

I am ready to quote you good prices on *STANDARD SANITARY MFG. CO'S Enamel Goods*, all fully guaranteed.

All Jobbing of Plumbing and Heating Promptly Attended to.

P. M. REILLY,
438 Centre St. Bell 'Phone

Beagle Studio,

Prompt attention given
Photographic Work

Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements, Made at Short Notice.

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MAIN AND CENTRE STS.